

9th ReasoningWeb Summer School 2013
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Linked Data on the Web

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Hallo

- **Prof. Dr. Christian Bizer**
- **Professor for Information Systems**
- **Research Interests:**
 - Global Data Spaces
 - Linked Data Technologies
 - Data- and Web Mining
- **eMail: chris@informatik.uni-mannheim.de**



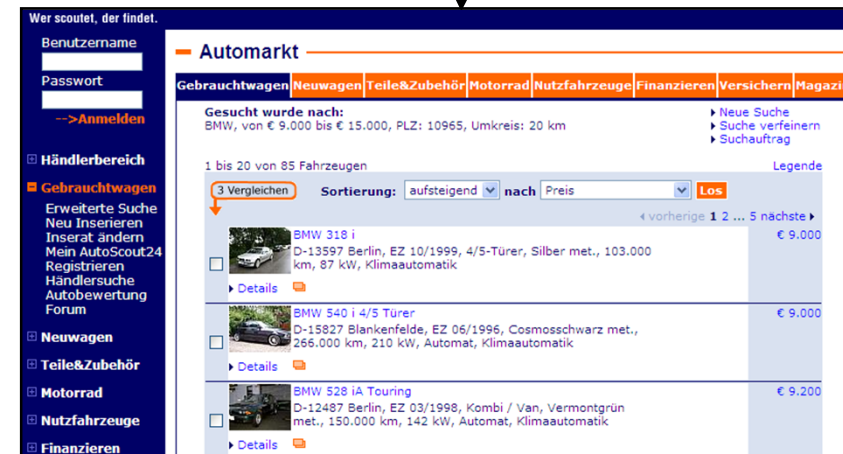
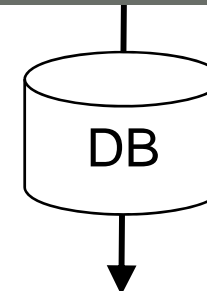
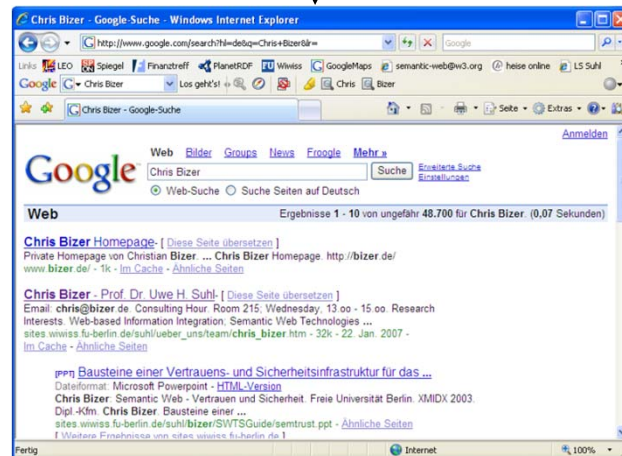
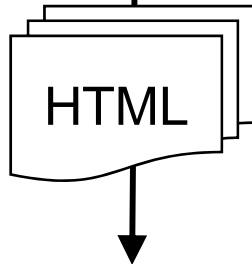
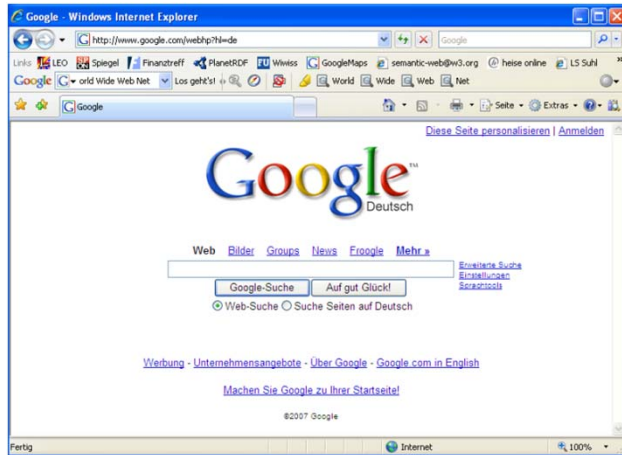
Hello

- **Dr. Heiko Paulheim**
- **Postdoctoral Researcher**
- **Research Interests:**
 - Data Mining and Machine Learning on/with Linked Data
 - Ontology and Schema Matching
 - Data Quality
- **eMail: heiko@informatik.uni-mannheim.de**



- 1. Foundations of Linked Data**
 - What is the vision and goal?
- 2. The Web of Linked Data**
 - What data is out there?
- 3. How to publish and consume Linked Data?**
 - Tasks and Tools
 - Sharing the Integration Effort
- 4. Alternative Web Data Publication Formats**
 - RDFa, Microdata, Microformats
- 5. Challenges involved in using Web Data**
- 6. Building Knowledge-intensive Applications**

What does the classic Web offer us?



What do we actually want?

Use the Web like a
single, global
database

Wunschauto finden

Marke

Modell

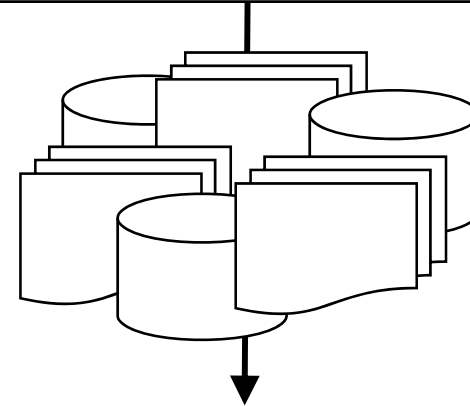
Kraftstoff Benzin Diesel

Preis

Leistung von bis

EZ von bis

Umkreis








Gesucht wurde nach:
BMW, von € 9.000 bis € 15.000, PLZ: 10965, Umkreis: 20 km

[Neue Suche](#)
[Suche verfeinern](#)
[Suchauftrag](#)

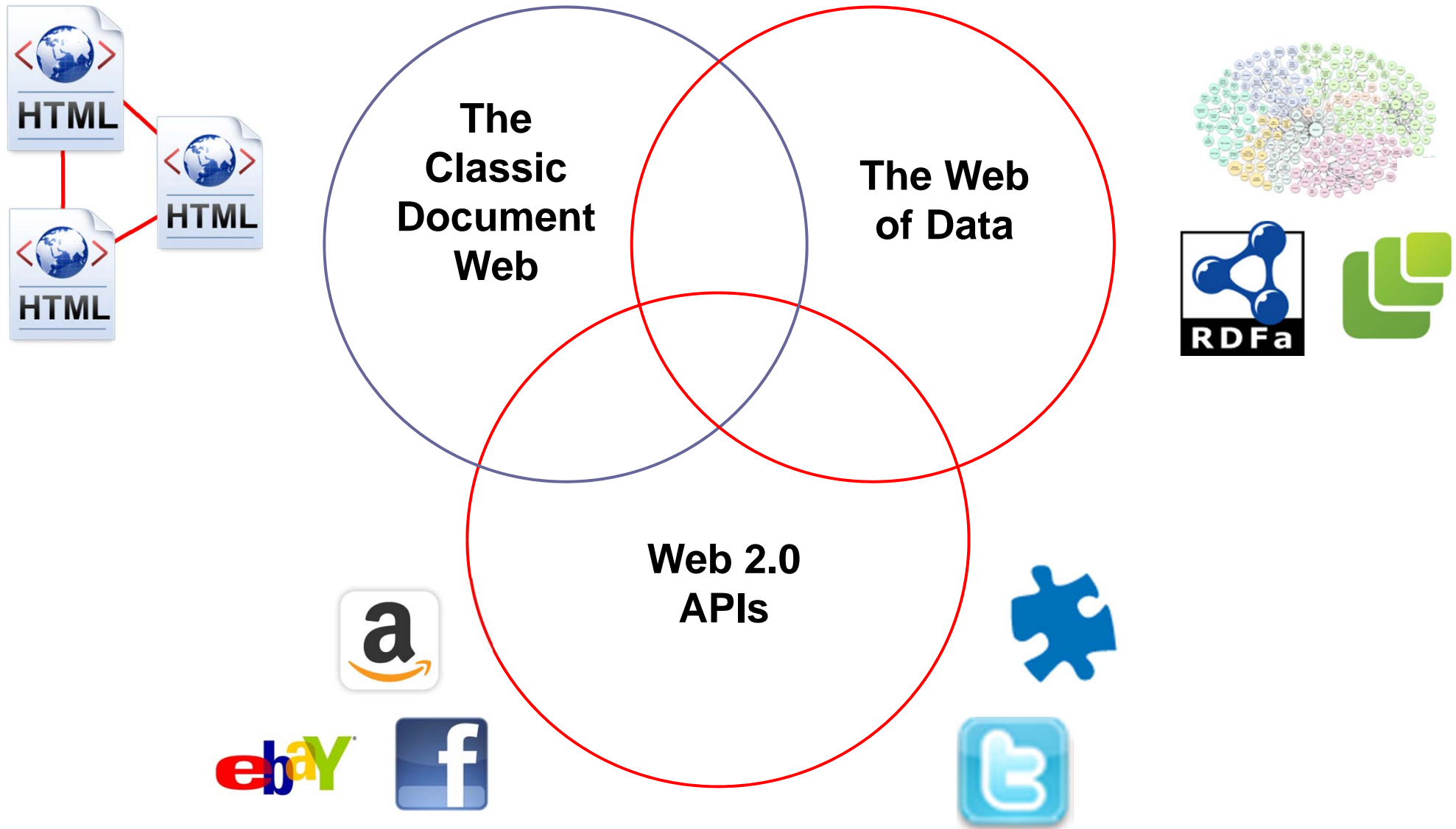
1 bis 20 von 85 Fahrzeugen

[3 Vergleichen](#) **Sortierung:** aufsteigend nach Preis [Los](#) [Legende](#)

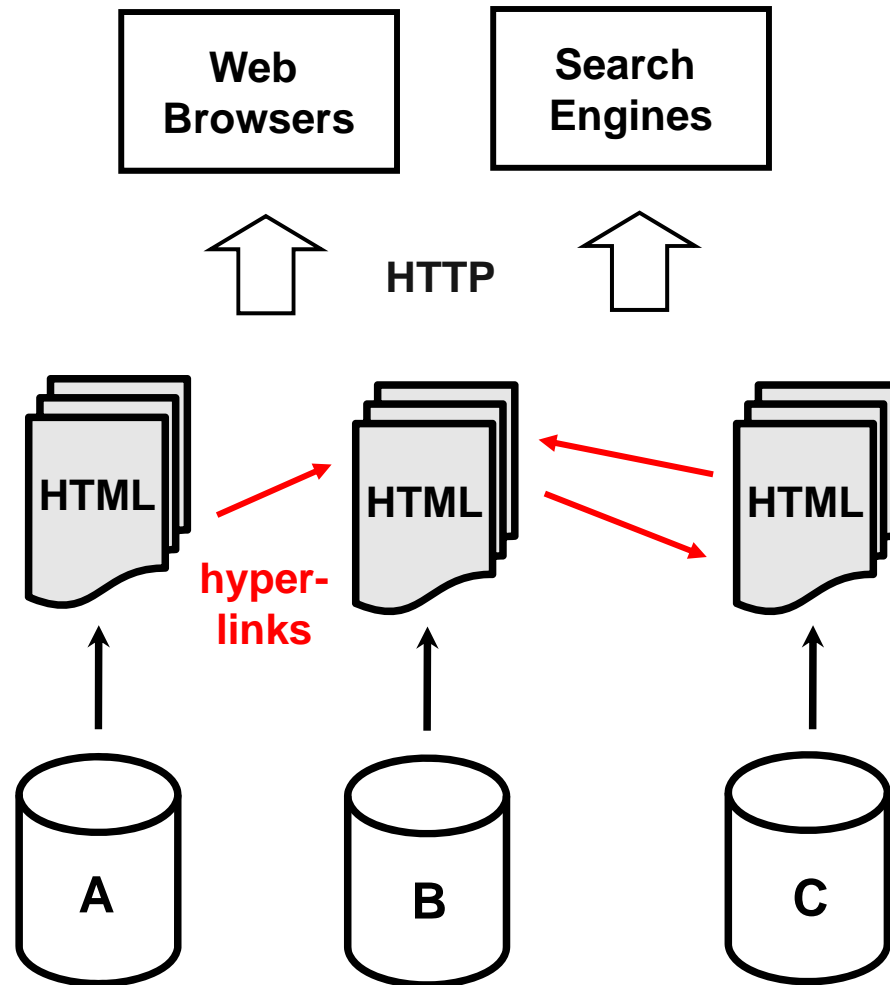
← vorherige 1 2 ... 5 nächste →

<input type="checkbox"/>	 BMW 318i D-13597 Berlin, EZ 10/1999, 4/5-Türer, Silber met., 103.000 km, 87 kW, Klimaautomatik	€ 9.000
<input type="checkbox"/>	 BMW 540i 4/5 Türer D-15827 Blankenfelde, EZ 06/1996, Cosmosschwarz met., 266.000 km, 210 kW, Automat, Klimaautomatik	€ 9.000
<input type="checkbox"/>	 BMW 528iA Touring D-12487 Berlin, EZ 03/1998, Kombi / Van, Vermontgrün met., 150.000 km, 142 kW, Automat, Klimaautomatik	€ 9.200
<input type="checkbox"/>	 BMW 528i D-10249 Berlin, EZ 06/1998, 4/5-Türer, Oxfordgrün met., 124.000 km, 142 kW, Klimaautomatik	€ 9.300
<input type="checkbox"/>	 BMW 520iA Einzelstück D-13591 Berlin, EZ 01/1999, 4/5-Türer, Schwarz met., 152.000 km, 110 kW, Automat, Klimaautomatik	€ 9.300

Access to structured Data on the Web



Architecture of the classic Document Web



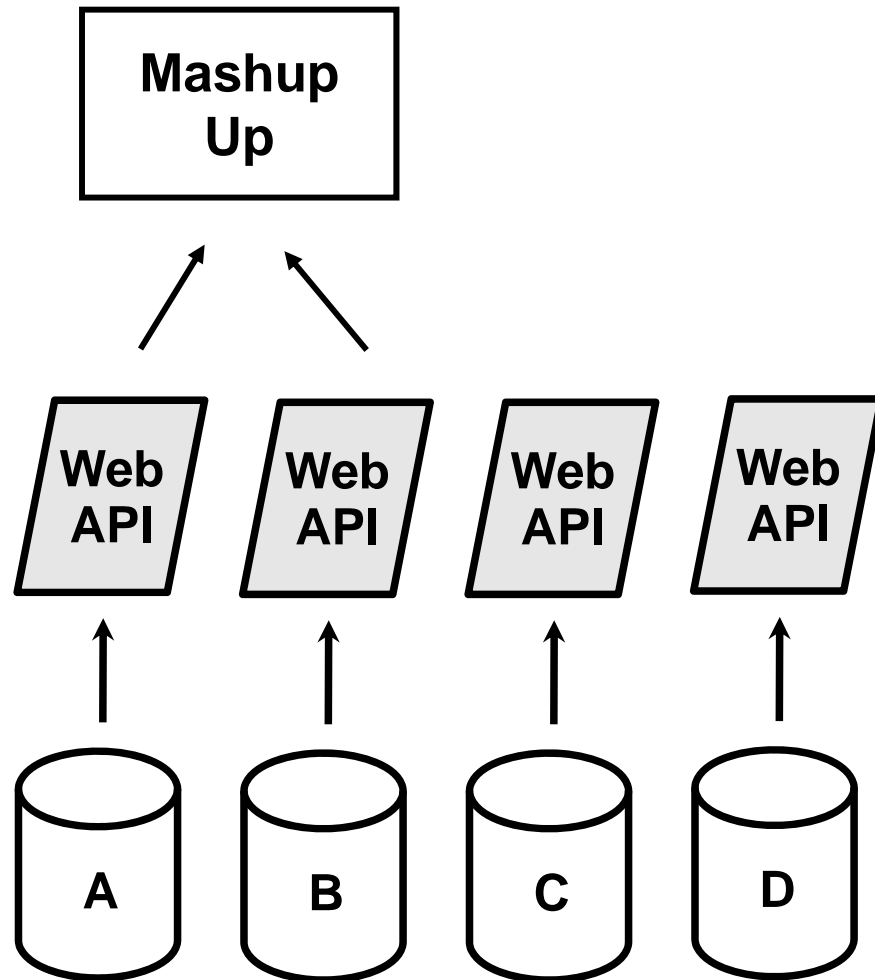
Single global information space

Small set of simple standards

- 1. HTML as document format**
- 2. HTTP URLs as**
 - globally unique IDs
 - retrieval mechanism
- 3. Hyperlinks to connect everything**



Web 2.0 APIs and Mashups

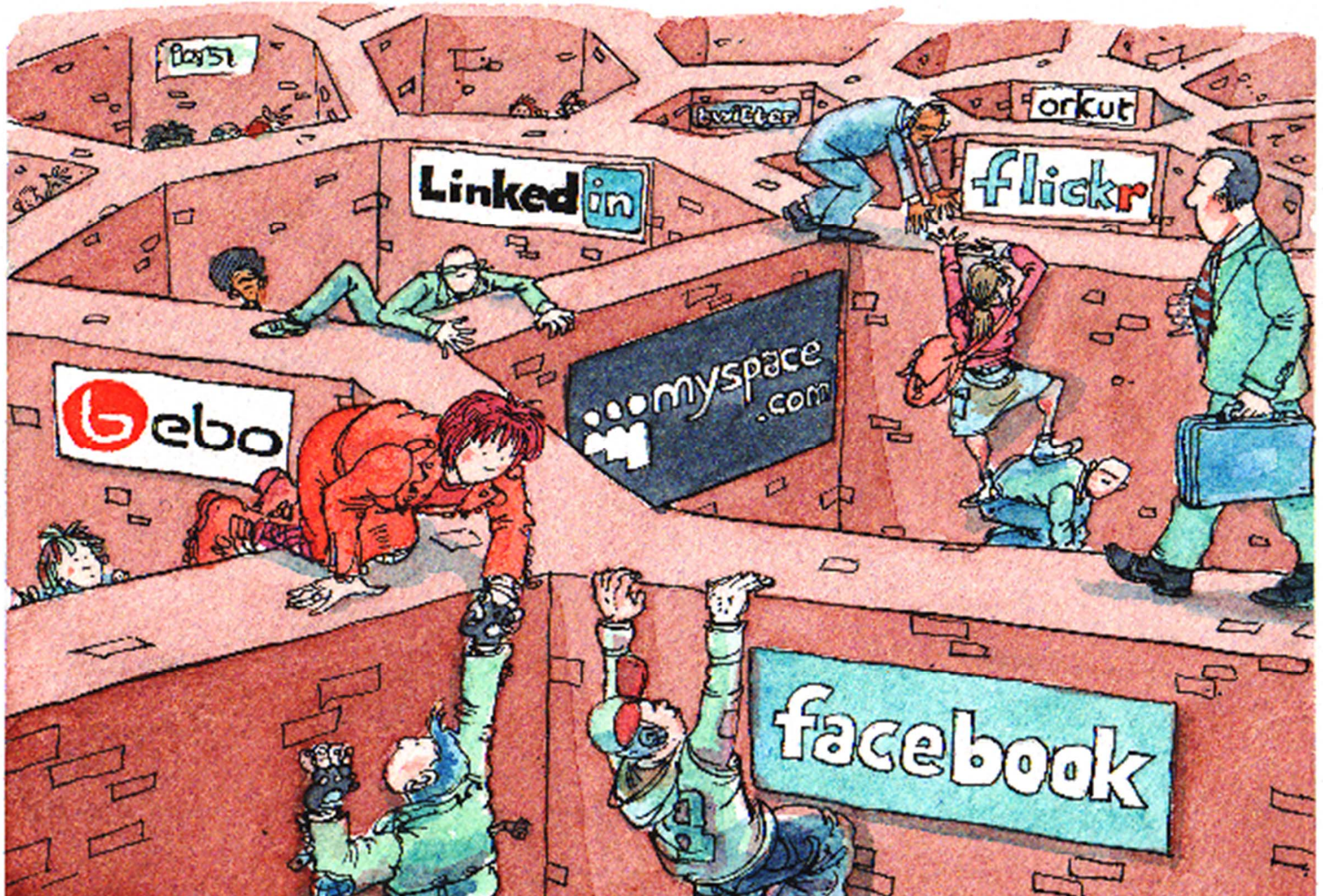


No single global dataspace

Shortcomings

1. APIs have proprietary interfaces
2. No hyperlinks between data items within different APIs
3. Mashups are based on a fixed set of data sources

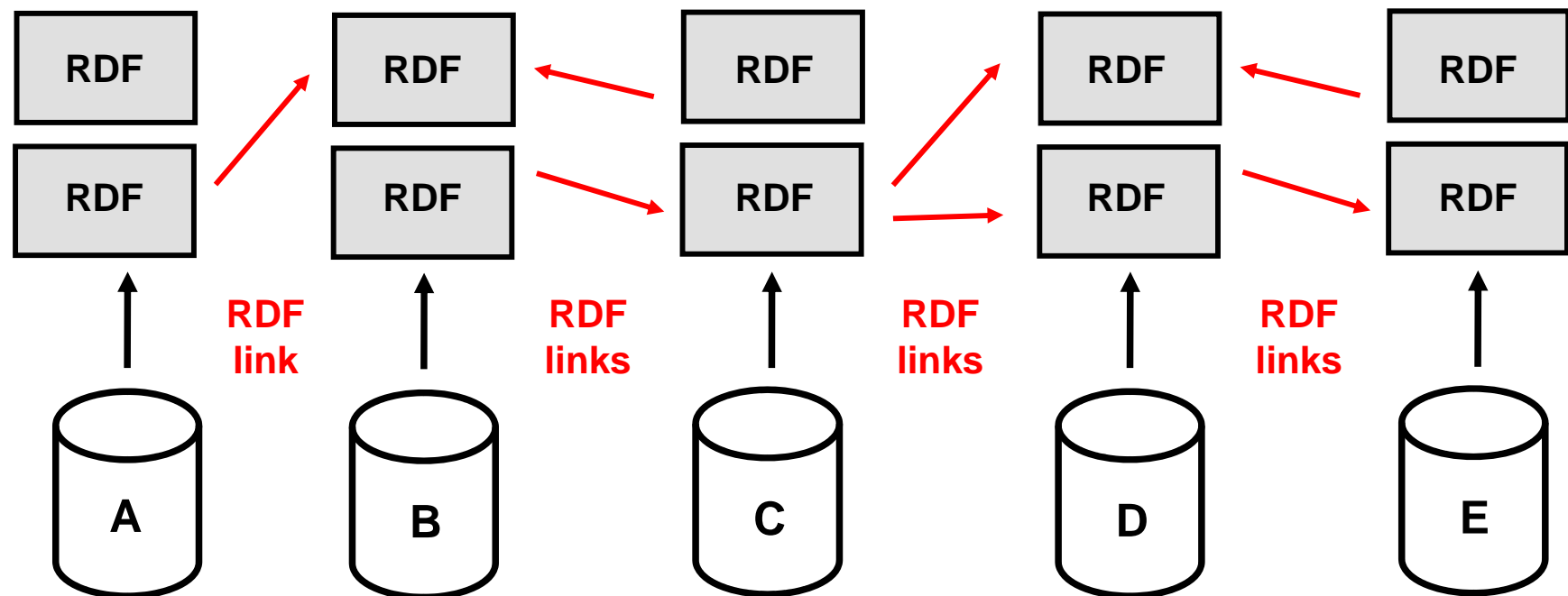
Web APIs slice the Web into Walled Gardens





Extend the Web with a **single global dataspace**

1. by using RDF to publish structured data on the Web
2. by setting links between data items within different data sources.



Linked Data

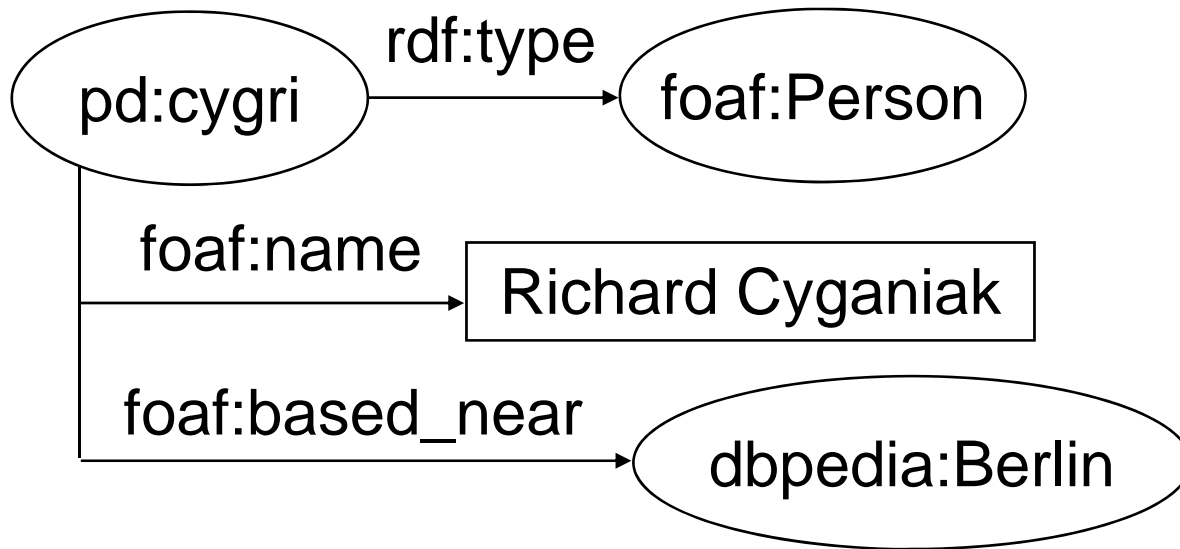
Set of best practices for publishing structured data on the Web in accordance with the general architecture of the Web.



1. Use **URIs** as names for things.
2. Use **HTTP URIs** so that people can look up those names.
3. When someone looks up a URI, provide useful **RDF** information.
4. Include RDF statements that **link** to other URIs so that they can discover related things.

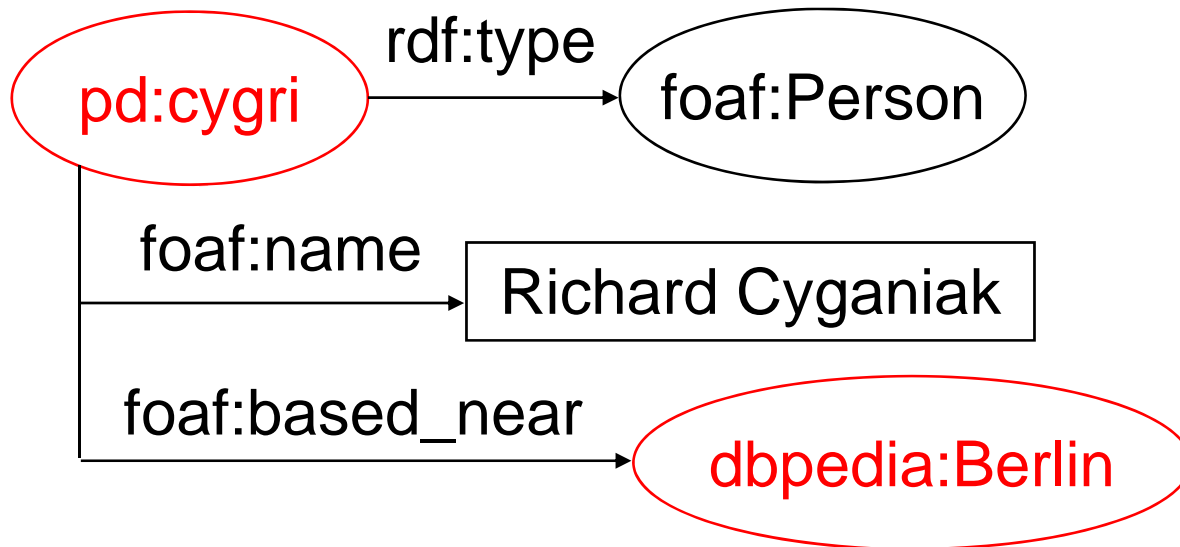
Tim Berners-Lee, <http://www.w3.org/DesignIssues/LinkedData.html>, 2006

The Basis: RDF Data Model



Flexible graph-based data model.

Data items are identified with HTTP URIs

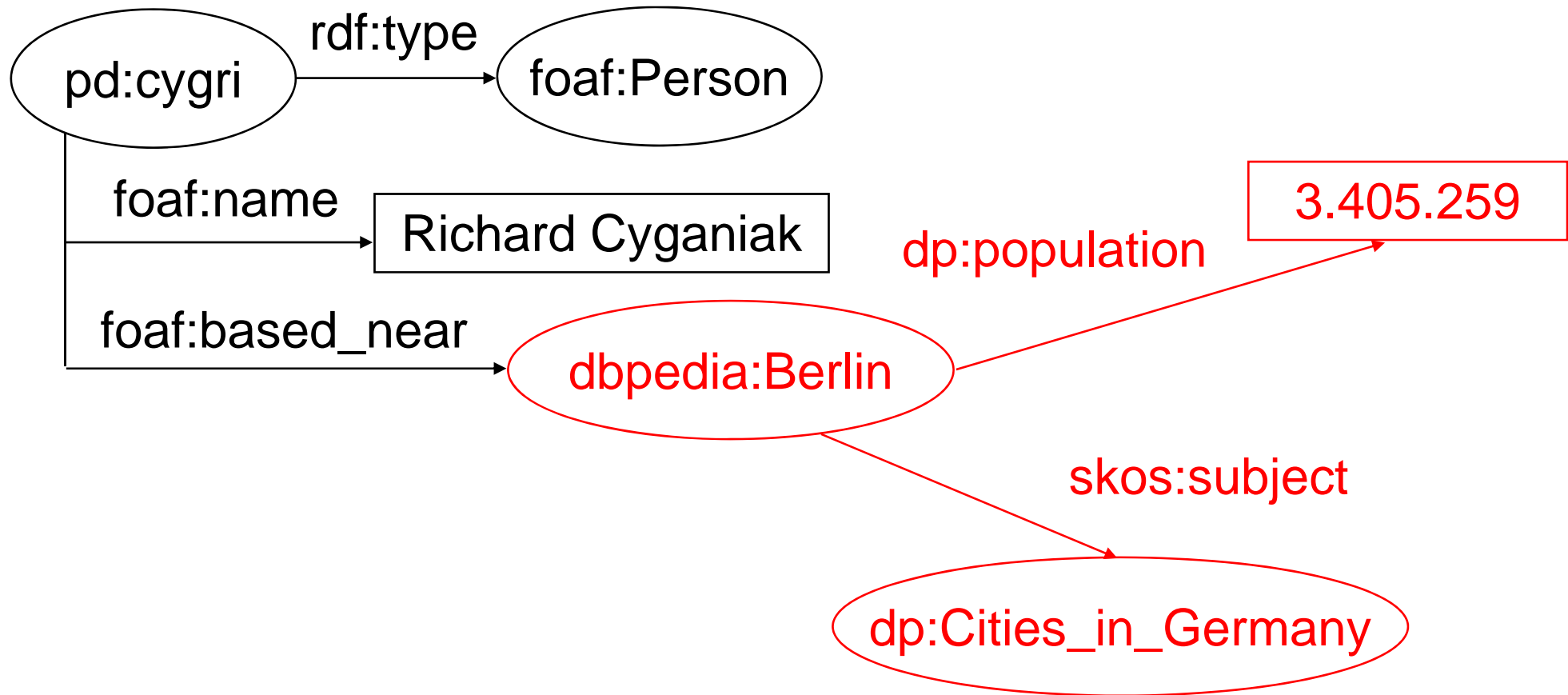


HTTP URIs take the role of global primary keys.

`pd:cygri` = `http://richard.cyganiak.de/foaf.rdf#cygri`

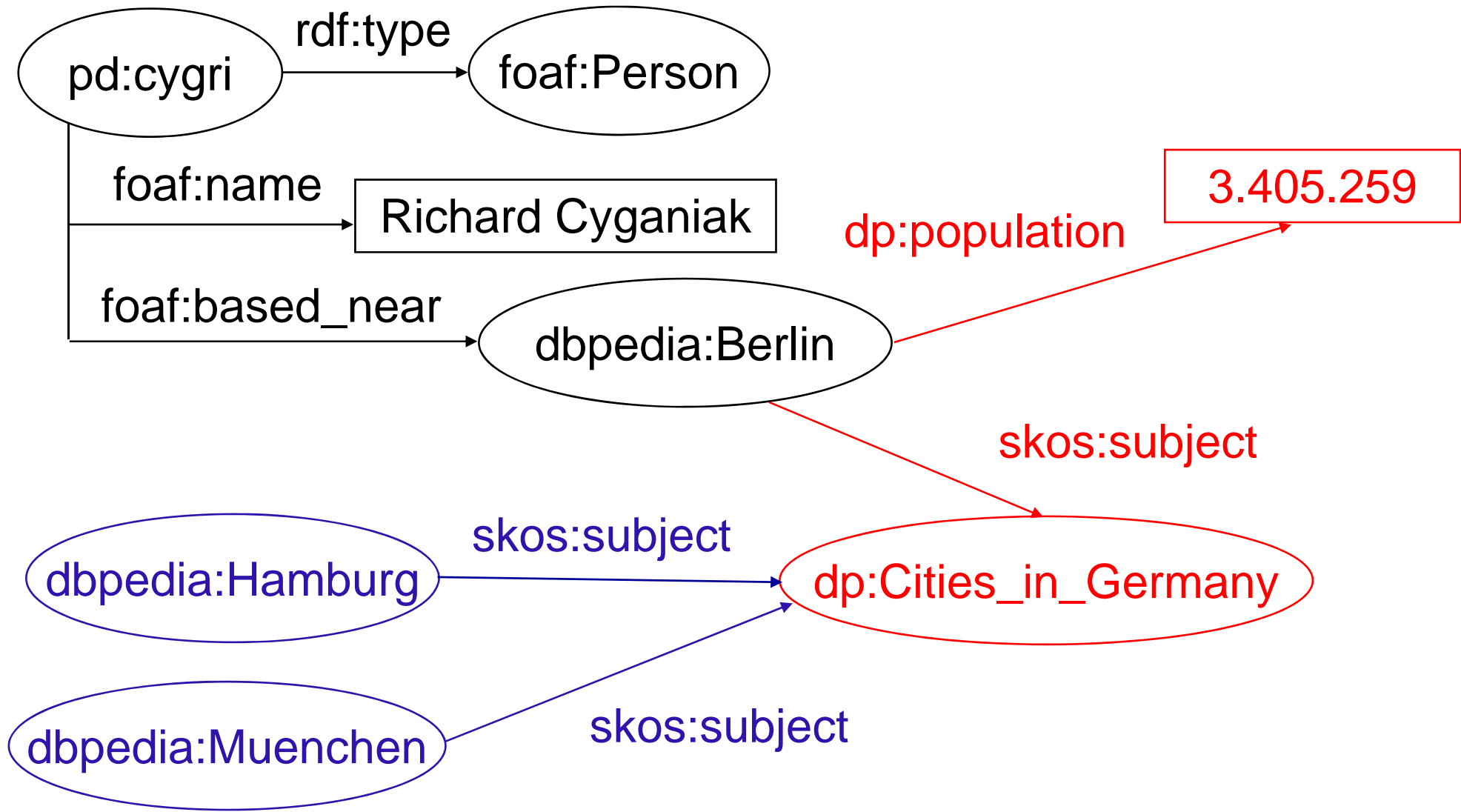
`dbpedia:Berlin` = `http://dbpedia.org/resource/Berlin`

Resolving URIs over the Web



The HTTP protocol brings together identification and retrieval again.

Following Links deeper into the Web



Properties of the Web of Linked Data

- **Global, distributed dataspace build on a simple set of standards**
 - RDF, URIs, HTTP
- **Entities are connected by links**
 - creating a global data graph that spans data sources and
 - enables the discovery of new data sources
- **Provides for data-coexistence**
 - Everyone can publish data to the Web of Linked Data
 - Everyone can express their personal view on things
- **The Web of Linked Data can be used by generic applications**
 - Linked Data Browsers
 - Linked Data Search Engines

Richard Cyganiak

URI:

Property	Value	Sources
event	...	G2
type	http://xmlns.com/foaf/0.1/Person	G1 G2 G3 G4
seeAlso	http://richard.cyganiak.de/cygri.rdf	G2
seeAlso	http://richard.cyganiak.de/foaf.rdf	G3
nearest airport	...	G1
phone	tel:+49-175-5630408	G1
sameAs	Richard Cyganiak	G1
based_near	...	G1
based_near	Berlin	G1
based_near	http://sws.geonames.org/2950159/	G1
currentProject	http://page.mi.fu-berlin.de/~cyganiak/foaf.rdf#StatCvs	G3
currentProject	http://www.wiwiss.fu-berlin.de/suhl/bizer#d2rq	G3
depiction		G4
gender	male	G1

Berlin

URI:

Property	Value	Sources
population	3398888	G2
type	http://dbpedia.org/City	G2
comment	Berlin is the capital city and one of the sixteen Federal States of Germany. It is the country's largest city in area and population, and the second most populous city in the European Union.	G2
comment	Berlin ist die deutsche Bundeshauptstadt und als Stadtstaat ein eigenständiges Land der Bundesrepublik Deutschland. Berlin ist die bevölkerungsreichste und flächengrößte Stadt Deutschlands und nach Einwohnern die zweitgrößte Stadt der EU.	G2
label	Berlin	G2
sameAs	http://sws.geonames.org/2950159/	G2
subject	http://dbpedia.org/resource/category/Berlin	G2
subject	http://dbpedia.org/resource/category/Capitals_in_Europe	G2
subject	http://dbpedia.org/resource/category/Cities_in_Germany	G2
subject	http://dbpedia.org/resource/category/German_state_capitals	G2
subject	http://dbpedia.org/resource/category/Host_cities_of_the_Summer_Olympic_Games	G2
subject	http://dbpedia.org/resource/category/States_of_Germany	G2
sourceURL	Berlin	G1
depiction		G2
page	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Berlin	G2
is birthplace of	Adolf von Baeyer	G2

Tim Berners-Lee

<http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#type>

- [Person](#)
- <http://www.w3.org/2000/10/swap/pim/contact#Male>

[label](#)

- [Tim Berners-Lee](#)

[sameAs](#)

- [Tim Berners-Lee \(also at www4.wiwiw.fu-berlin.de\)](#)

[image](#)



[Weblinks](#)

- <http://www.w3.org/People/Berners-Lee/>

[name](#)

- [Tim Berners-Lee](#)
- [Timothy Berners-Lee](#)
- [Tim Berners Lee](#)

[Given name](#)

- [Timothy](#)

[family name](#)

- [Berners-Lee](#)

[sha1sum of a personal mailbox URI name](#)

- [985c47c5a70db7407210cef6e4e6f5374a525c5c](#)

[workplace homepage](#)

- <http://www.w3.org/>

[nickname](#)

- [TimBL](#)

[nickname](#)

- [TimBL](#)
- [timbl](#)

[personal mailbox](#)

- <mailto:timbl@w3.org>

[seeAlso](#)

- [Tim Berners-Lee's FOAF file](#)
- [Tim Berners-Lee's FOAF file](#)

is [seeAlso](#) of

- [Tim Berners-Lee](#)

Type

Any type

Abstraction
Agent
Athletic Activity
Bull
Cattle
Concept
Organisation
Person
Physical Entity
Soccer Club
Social Entity
Spatial Thing
Sports Team
Subject
Team

Objects 1 - 10 of 63,109 for your search **Chicago** (1.25 seconds)**Chicago** - Begriff• label: **Chicago**

• type: Begriff

<http://www4.wiwiss.fu-berlin.de/bookmashup/subject/Chicago>**Chicago** - City, Community• label: **Chicago**• comment: **Chicago** [;] (deutsch: Chikago) ist eine Stadt am Südwestufer des Michigansees im US-Bundesstaat Illinois. In der Agglomeration leben 9.443.356 Menschen (2005)"• sameAs: http://www.rdfabout.com/rdf/usgov/geo/us/il/counties/cook_county/chicago

• image:



• type: Community

<http://dbpedia.org/resource/Chicago>**chicago**• Title: **chicago**http://www.deadjournal.com/interests_bml?int=chicago**Chicago Cubs players** - Begriff• label: **Chicago Cubs players**• bevorzugter Name: **Chicago Cubs players**• hat Oberbegriff: **Chicago Cubs field personnel**• hat Oberbegriff: **Chicago Cubs**

• type: Begriff

http://dbpedia.org/resource/Category:Chicago_Cubs_playersPeople from **Chicago** - Begriff• label: People from **Chicago**• bevorzugter Name: People from **Chicago**

[Add More Info](#)
[Start New](#)
[Options](#)
[Order](#)
[Permalink](#)
[Sources \(20\)](#)
[Appro](#)

1 [Chris Bizer - Free Uni](#)

http://videlectures.net/chris_

2 [Chris Bizer - semantic](#)

<http://ontoworld.org/wiki/Chris>

3 [Untitled document](#) 6 f

[BOSS](#) <http://www.facebook>

4 [Chris Bizer - semantic](#)

<http://semanticweb.org/wiki/C>

5 [Chris Bizer - LinkedIn](#)

[BOSS](#) <http://www.linkedin>

6 [Chris Bizer](#) 10 facts | 20

<http://data.semanticweb.org/p>

7 [Chris Bizer - semantic](#)

<http://semanticweb.org/index.p>

8 [Flickr: Chris Bizer's Ph](#)

[BOSS](#) <http://flickr.com/pho>

9 [Untitled document](#) 8 f

<http://data.semanticweb.org/c>

10 [Chris Bizer](#) 6 facts | 20

[BOSS](#) <http://ebiquity.umbc>

<- 1 2 ->

<http://example.loc/doc>

Chris Bizer

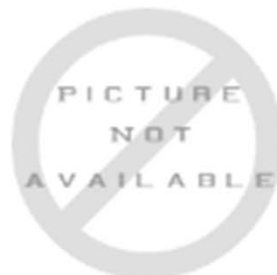
picture:



[3]



[5]



[16]

given name: [Chris](#) [3,5,9,10,16]

family name: [Bizer](#) [3,5,9,10,16]

is creator of: [DBpedia: A Nucleus for a Web of Open Data | Semantic Web Dog Food](#) [6,18]

<http://data.semanticweb.org/conference/eswc/2007/demo-3> [9]

[The TriQL.P Browser: Filtering Information using Context-, Content- and Rating-Based Trust Policies.](#) [16]

[D2R Server - Publishing Relational Databases on the Semantic Web.](#) [16]

[Named Graphs, Provenance and Trust](#) [16]

[hide value](#) [just this value](#) [which sources](#) [reject sources](#) [6]

[RAP: RDF API for PHP](#) [16]

[Fresnel: A Browser-Independent Presentation Vocabulary for RDF](#) [16]

[NG4.L: Named Graphs API for Jena](#) [16]

Tim Berners-Lee ☒ Knows ☒ weblog ☒

New Search

Ok

[Detail View](#) [List View](#) [Table View](#) [Timeline View](#)  [RSS](#)

[next ▶](#) Results 1 - 10 of 54

[Ivan Herman](#)

<http://www.ivan-herman.net/> 

[Document](#) [Resource](#) [Document](#)

[breadcrumbs](#)

<http://dig.csail.mit.edu/breadcrumbs/blog/2> 

[RSS1.0 News Channel](#) [Document](#) [Resource](#)

[Ivan's private site](#)

<http://ivan-herman.name/> 

[RSS1.0 News Channel](#) [Document](#) [Resource](#)

[open source](#)

<http://www.advogato.org/person/connolly/> 

[RSS1.0 News Channel](#) [Document](#) [organization](#)

Advogato blog for connolly

2009-05-31T20:23:14Z

[Paul Downey](#)

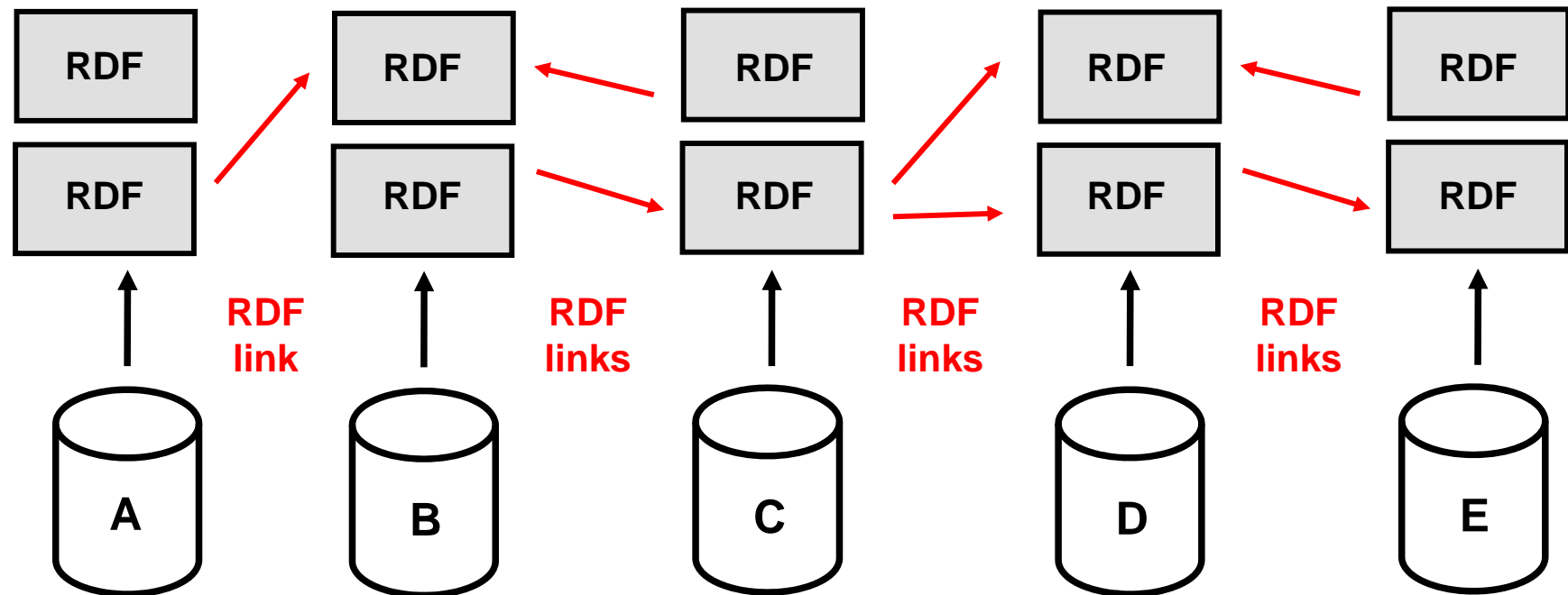
<http://blog.whatfettle.com/> 

[Document](#) [Resource](#) [Document](#)

Whatfettle marras?

2. Linked Data Deployment on the Web

■ Is this real?



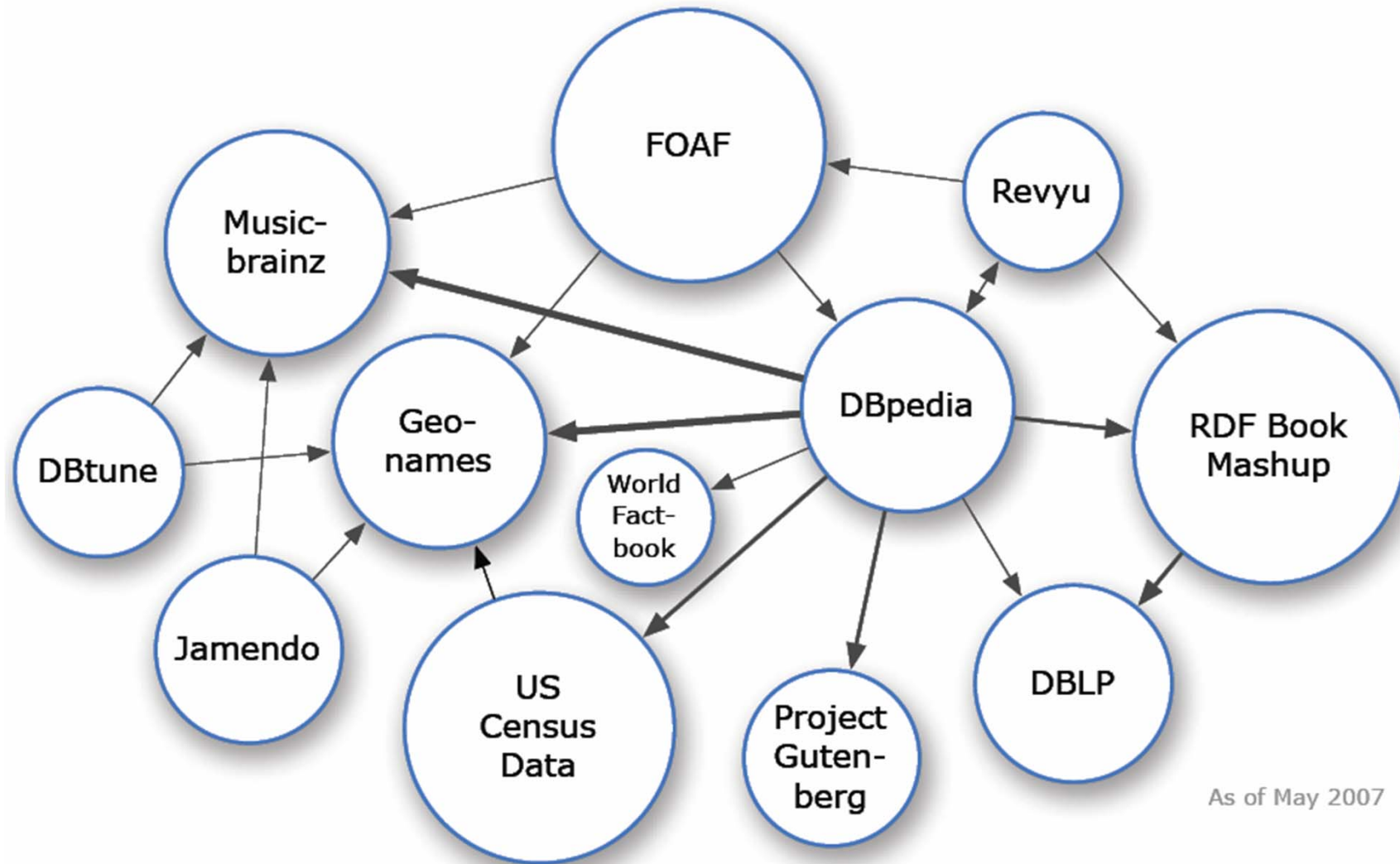
W3C Linking Open Data Project



■ **Grassroots community effort to**

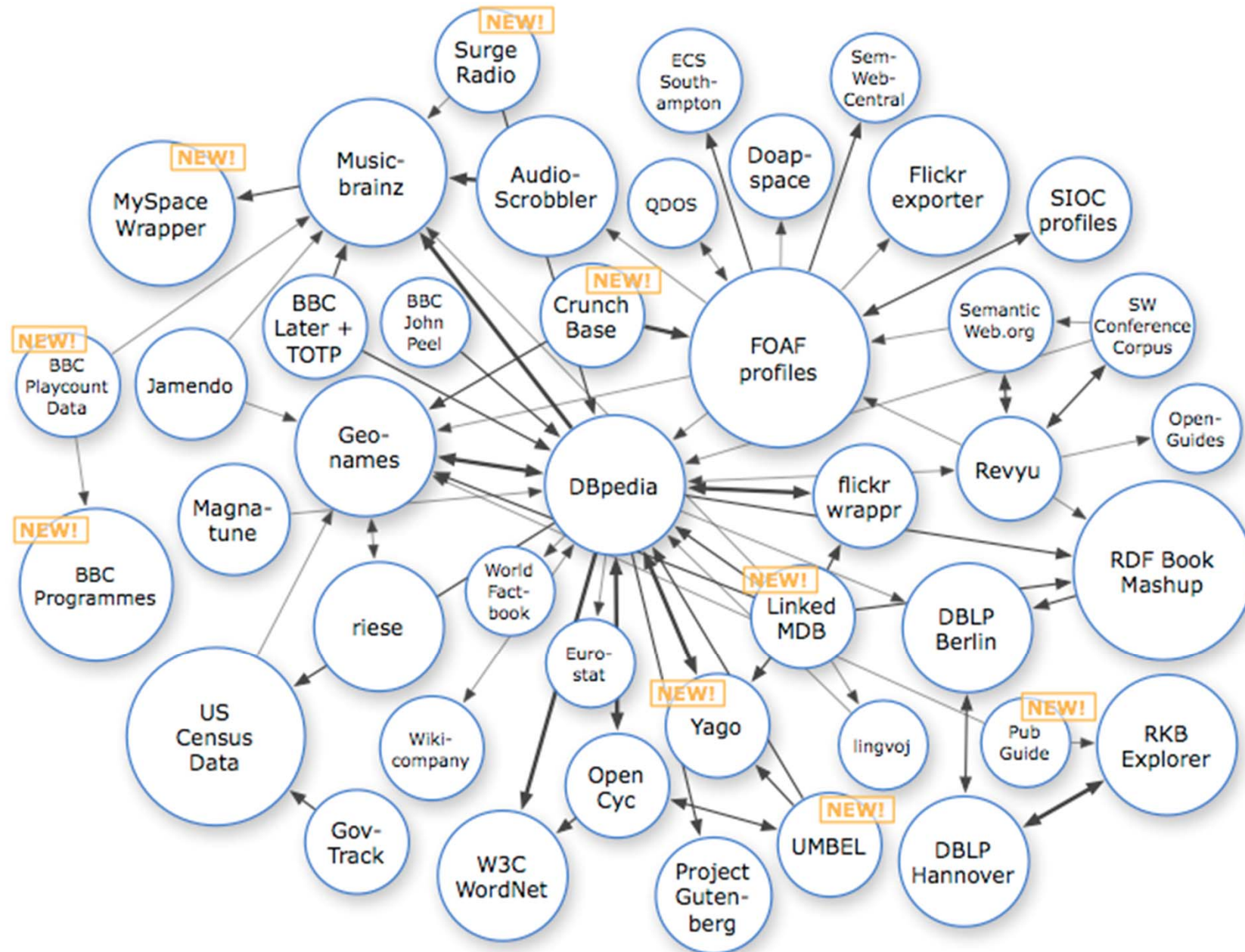
- publish existing open license datasets as Linked Data on the Web
- interlink things between different data sources

LOD Datasets on the Web: May 2007



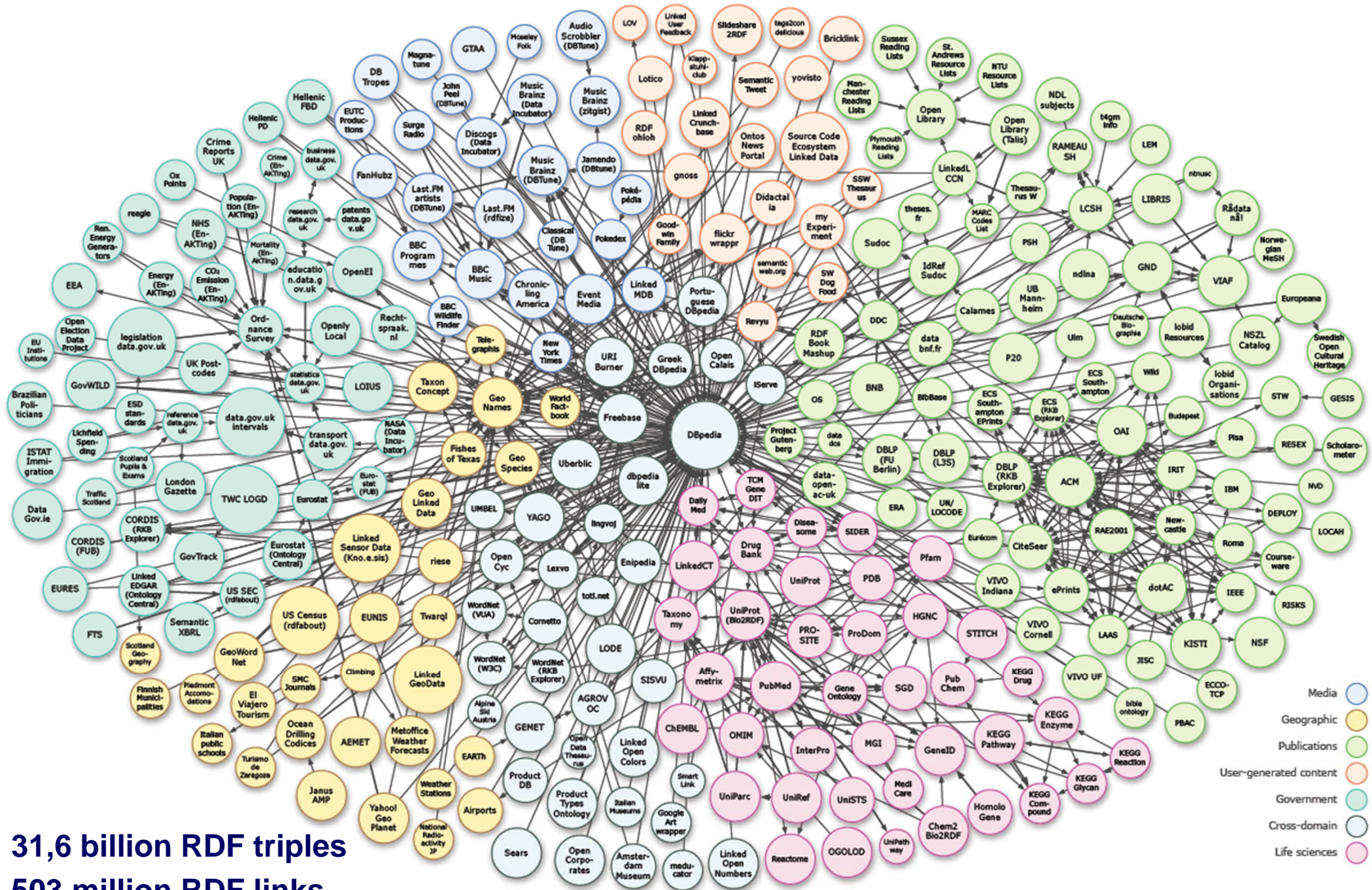
- Over 500 million RDF triples
- Around 120,000 RDF links between data sources

LOD Datasets on the Web: September 2008



As of September 2008

LOD Datasets on the Web: November 2011



■ 31,6 billion RDF triples

■ 503 million RDF links

Distribution by Topical Domain (Nov 2011)

Domain	Data Sets	Triples	Percent	RDF Links	Percent
Media	25	1,841,852,061	5.82 %	50,440,705	10.01 %
Geographic	31	6,145,532,484	19.43 %	35,812,328	7.11 %
Government	49	13,315,009,400	42.09 %	19,343,519	3.84 %
Library	87	2,950,720,693	9.33 %	139,925,218	27.76 %
Cross-domain	41	4,184,635,715	13.23 %	63,183,065	12.54 %
Life sciences	41	3,036,336,004	9.60 %	191,844,090	38.06 %
User content	20	134,127,413	0.42 %	3,449,143	0.68 %
SUM	295	31,634,213,770		503,998,829	

More statistics

<http://lod-cloud.net/state/>

Uptake in the Government Domain

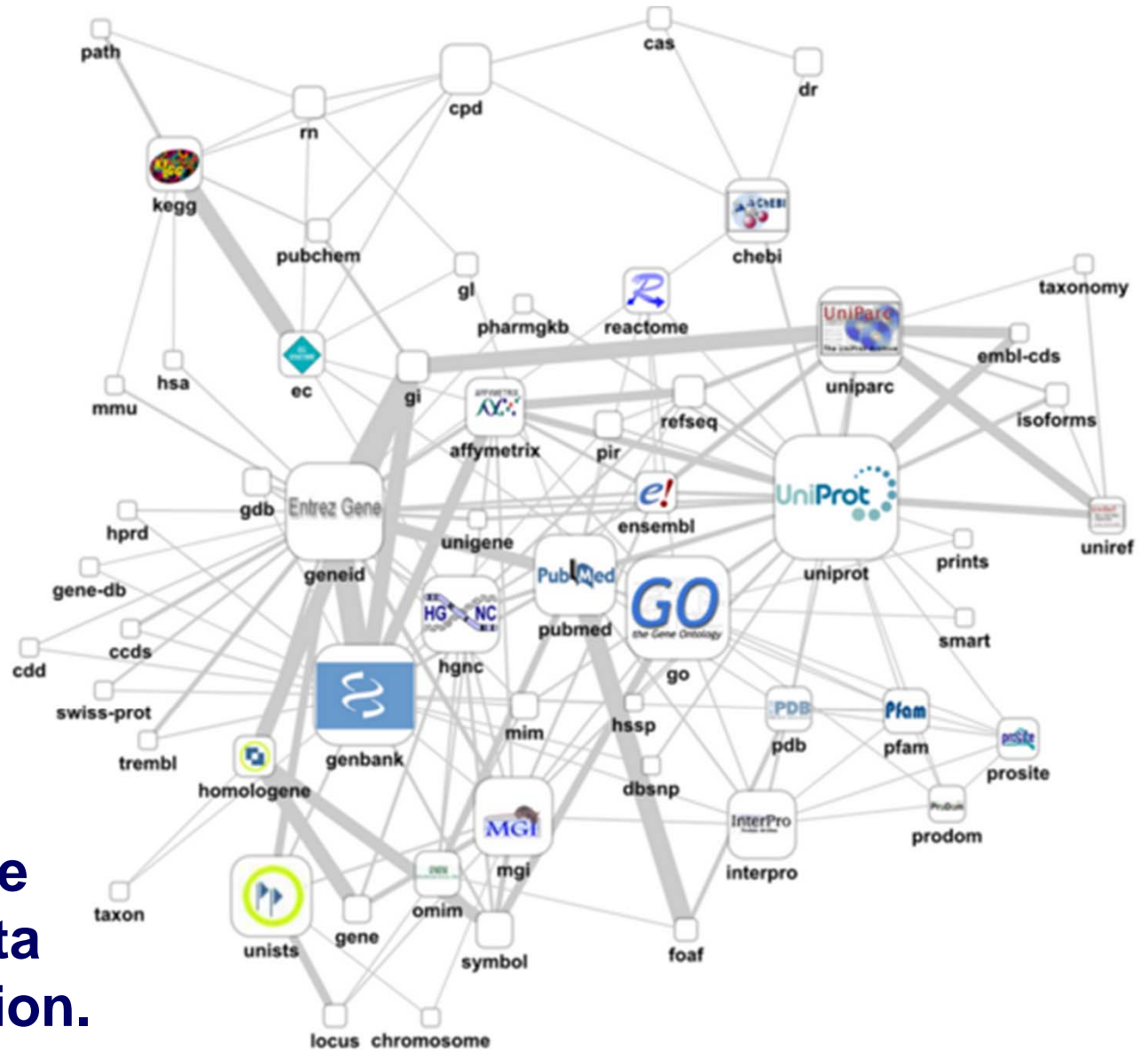
The screenshot shows the data.gov.uk website. At the top left is the HM Government logo and the URL data.gov.uk. A navigation bar includes links for Home, Blog, Data, SPARQL, Apps, Ideas, Forum, Wiki, Resources, and About. The main content area features a large blue graphic with the text "Unlocking innovation" and "Working with UK Public Sector information and data". Below this is a paragraph of text and a "Latest news" section with three bullet points. On the right side, there are several widgets: "Subscribe by RSS", "Community Log in / Sign up", "Local Data Panel", "What is the Semantic Web?" (with a "Read more" button), and "Digital Engagement Twitter stream" (with a "In line with Cabinet Office guidance" note).

The screenshot shows the DATA.GOV website. At the top is the DATA.GOV logo with the tagline "EMPOWERING PEOPLE". A navigation bar includes links for HOME, DATA, TOOLS, COMMUNITY, METRICS, and DIALOGUE. The main content area features a large blue graphic with the text "LINKING OPEN GOVERNMENT DATA" and a "VIEW MORE" button. Below this is a "Most Popular Datasets" section with a list of five datasets. To the right is a "SEARCH OUR CATALOGS" section with a search input field and a "SEARCH" button. Below the main content area are three columns: "APPS", "COMMUNITY", and "SEMANTIC WEB". The "COMMUNITY" column contains a paragraph of text and a "Just look at the numbers:" section with a list of statistics. The "SEMANTIC WEB" column contains a paragraph of text and a blue graphic.

- The EU is also starting to publish Linked Data
- Various other national efforts

Uptake in Life Sciences

- W3C Linking Open Drug Data Effort
- Bio2RDF Project



- **Goal:** Smoothly integrate internal and external data in a pay-as-you-go-fashion.

Uptake in the Libraries Community

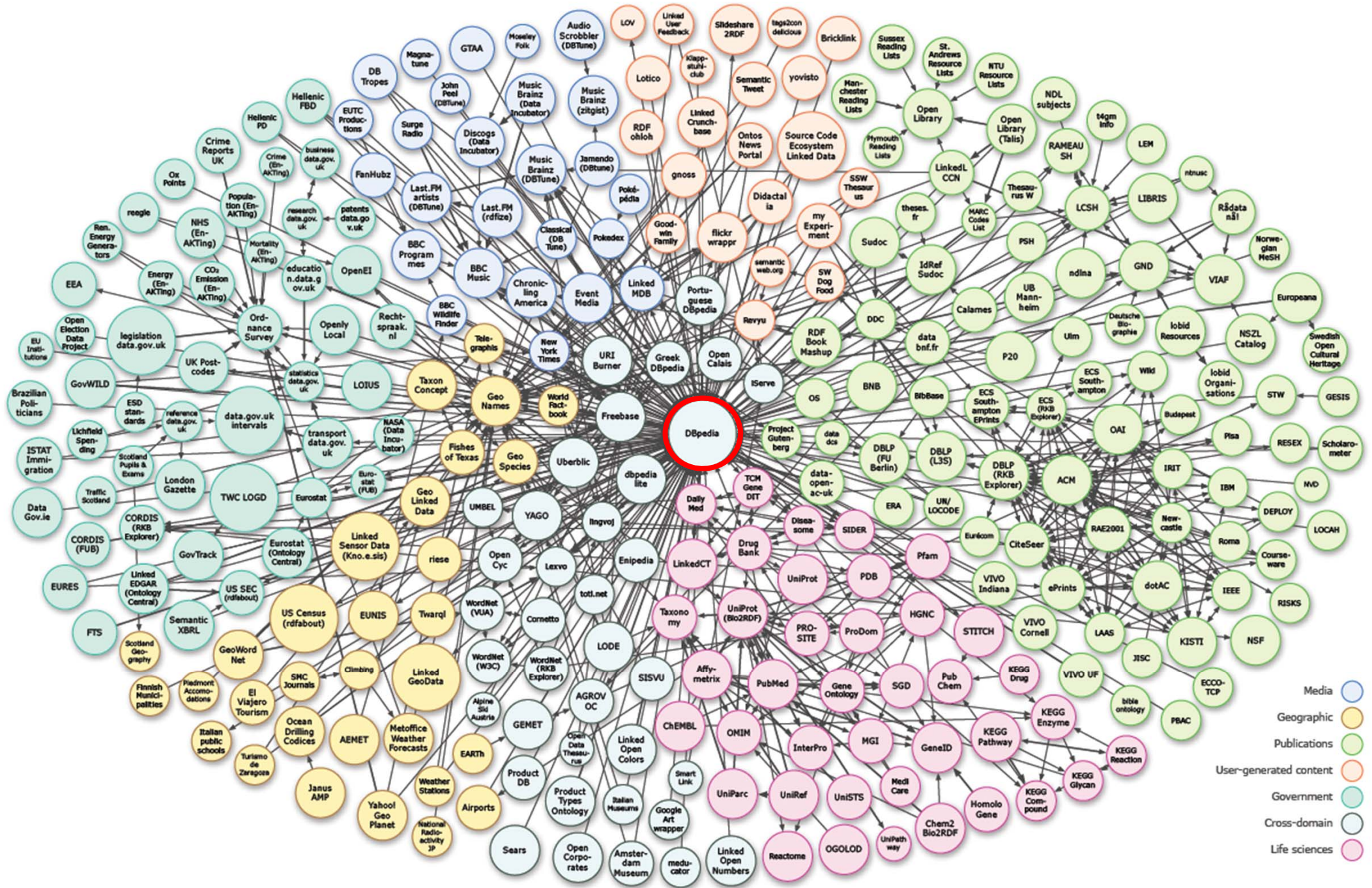
■ Institutions publishing Linked Data

- Library of Congress (subject headings)
- German National Library (PND dataset and subject headings)
- Swedish National Library (Libris - catalog)
- Hungarian National Library (OPAC and Digital Library)
- Europeana Digital Library just released data about 4 million artifacts

■ Goals:

1. Integrate Library Catalogs on global scale.
2. Interconnect resources between repositories (by topic, by location, by historical period, by ...).

Excursus: DBpedia



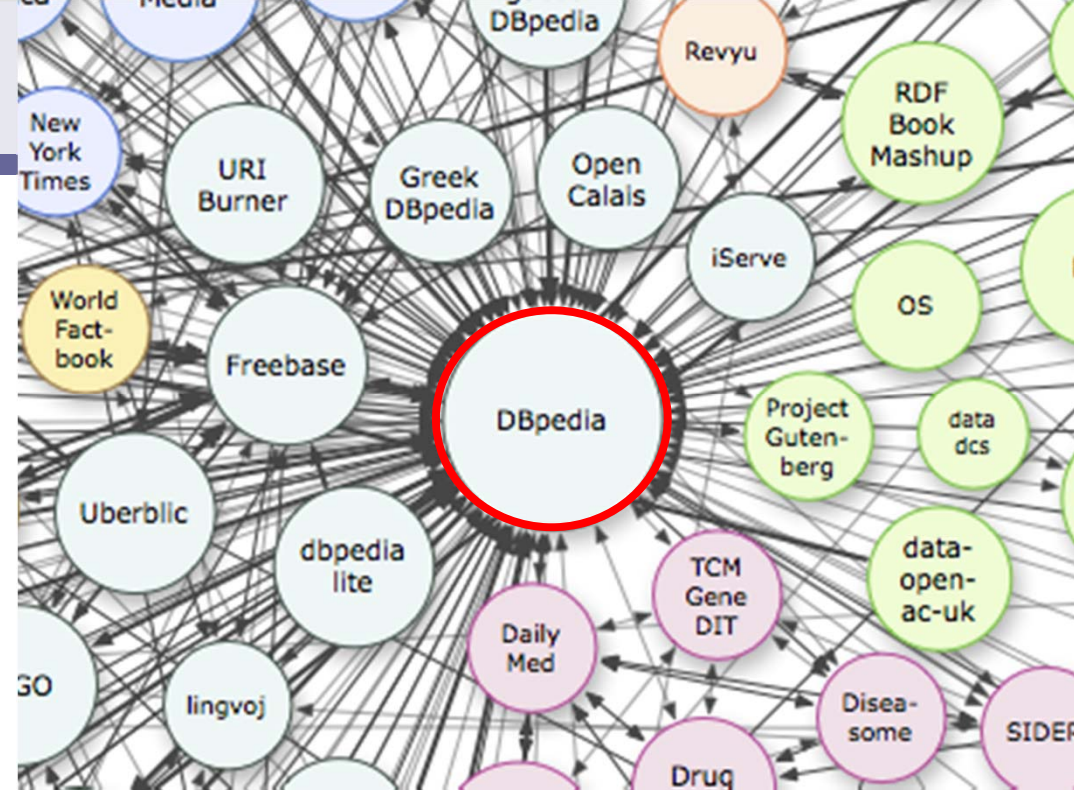
Excursus: DBpedia

■ DBpedia is a community effort

- to extract structured information from Wikipedia
- make this data available on the Web under an open license

■ Contributors

- University of Mannheim (Germany)
- Universität Leipzig (Germany)
- OpenLink Software (UK)



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Structured Data within Wikipedia

The screenshot shows the Wikipedia article for Bristol. Red boxes highlight the following elements:

- Title:** The word "Bristol" at the top of the article.
- Description:** The introductory paragraph: "Bristol (pronunciation (help·info); IPA: ˈbrɪstəl) is a city, unitary authority and ceremonial county in South West England, 105 miles (169 km) west of London, and 44 miles (71 km) east of Cardiff." and the first sentence of the main text: "With an approximate population of 410,950, and urban area of 550,200, it is England's sixth most populous city in South West England. It received a royal charter in 1155 and was granted county status in 1373. For half a millennium it was the second or third largest English city until the rapid rise of Liverpool, Birmingham and Manchester in the Industrial Revolution in the later part of the 18th century. It borders on the Counties of Somerset, and Gloucestershire between the cities of Bath, Gloucester and Newport, and has a short coastline on the estuary of the River Severn, which flows into the Bristol Channel."
- Coordinates:** "Coordinates: 51°28′N 2°35′W" located at the top right of the article.
- Image:** A photograph of the Avon Gorge bridge.
- Infoboxes:** The "Coat of Arms of the City Council" and a map of the United Kingdom with Bristol highlighted. Below the map is the "Coordinates: 51°27′14″N 2°35′48″W".
- Table:** A table with structured data about Bristol, including its sovereign state, constituent country, region, ceremonial county, historic counties, administrative headquarters, royal charter, county status, government type, governing body, leadership, executive, and MPs.
- Language Links:** A list of language links at the bottom left, including English, Catalan, Czech, Welsh, Danish, German, Estonian, Spanish, Esperanto, Basque, French, Indonesian, Icelandic, Italian, Hebrew, Latvian, Luxembourgish, Lithuanian, Hungarian, Dutch, Japanese, and Norwegian.

Geo-Coordinates

Images

Infoboxes

Title

Description

Language Links

The DBpedia 3.8 Knowledge Base



- describes 3.77 million things, out of which 2.35 million are classified in a consistent ontology
 - 764,000 persons
 - 573,000 places
 - 192,000 organizations
 - 112,000 music albums
- Altogether 1.89 billion pieces of information (RDF triples)
 - 8,000,000 links to images
 - 24,000,000 links to external web pages
 - 27,200,000 external links into other RDF datasets
- DBpedia Internationalization Effort
 - provides data from 111 Wikipedia language editions for download

[First](#) | [Previous](#) | [Next](#) | [Last](#)

▼ item type

- Skyscraper (12)
- Place (12)
- Building (12)

[more](#)

▼ location

- Hong Kong (12)
- China (3)
- Sham Tseng (1)

[more](#)

▼ building started in year

from... to...

- 2000 (5)
- 1977 (1)
- 1997 (1)

[more](#)

▼ building completed in year

Your Filters

[Reset Filters](#)✕

Results 7 to 12 of 12

item type [Skyscraper](#)✕ floor count [50 and up](#)✕ building completed in year [up to 2000](#)✕ location [Hong Kong](#)✕



Highcliff



Highcliff is a 252.4-metre (828-foot) tall skyscraper located on a south slope of Happy Valley on the Hong Kong Island in Hong Kong. The 75 storey (70 floors of which are livable space) building's construction began in 2000 and was completed in 2003 under a design by DLN Architects & Engineers. It was the Silver Winner of the 2003 Emporis Skyscraper Award, coming in second to 30 St Mary Axe in London.



The Harbourside



The Harbourside is a 255 m (836.6 ft) tall residential skyscraper located at 1 Austin Road West, in Union Square complex on Kowloon peninsula. The building is erected on the West Kowloon Reclamation west of Kwun Chung. Construction of the 74 storey building began in 2000 and was completed in 2003 under the design by P & T Architects & Engineers. The building is, in fact, three towers joined at the base, middle

Other Examples of Linked Data Sets

■ Linked Geo Data

- Linked Data version of Open Street Maps
- millions of places

■ Linked Movie Database

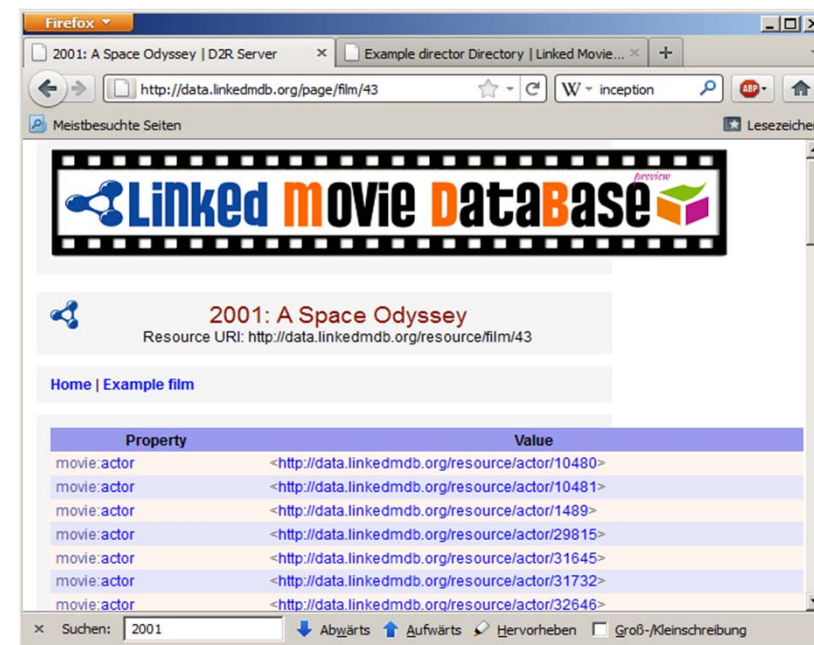
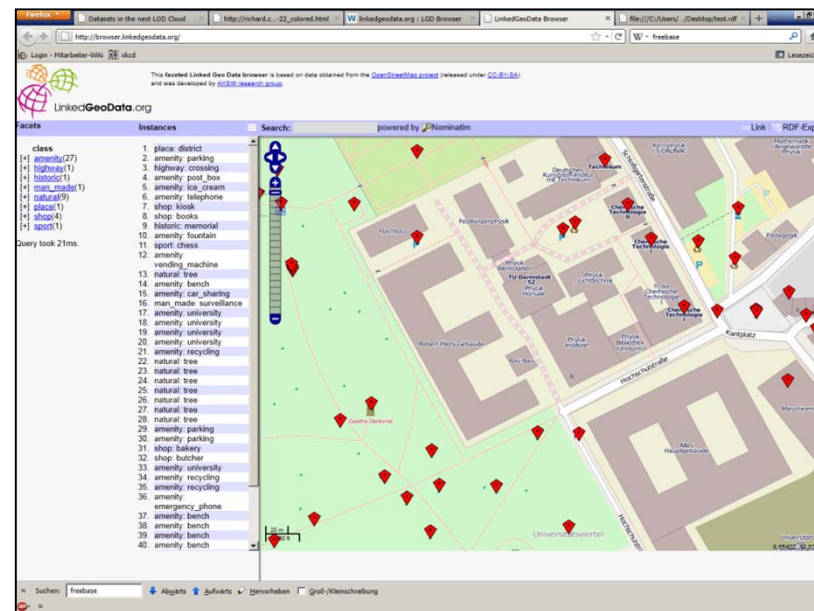
- data about movies, actors and directors
- 40,000 films

■ Music Brainz

- musicians, albums
- 22,000 albums, 40,000 musicians

■ DBLP

- computer science papers
- 1.6 million articles



Questions so far?

3. How to Publish and Consume Linked Data?

Tasks involved in **Publishing Linked Data**:

1. Make data available as RDF via HTTP
2. Set RDF links pointing at other data sources
3. Make your data self-descriptive

- Tom Heath and Christian Bizer:
Linked Data: Evolving the Web into a Global Data Space
<http://linkeddatabook.com/>

3.1 Make Data available as RDF via HTTP

Ready to use tools (examples)

1. D2R Server

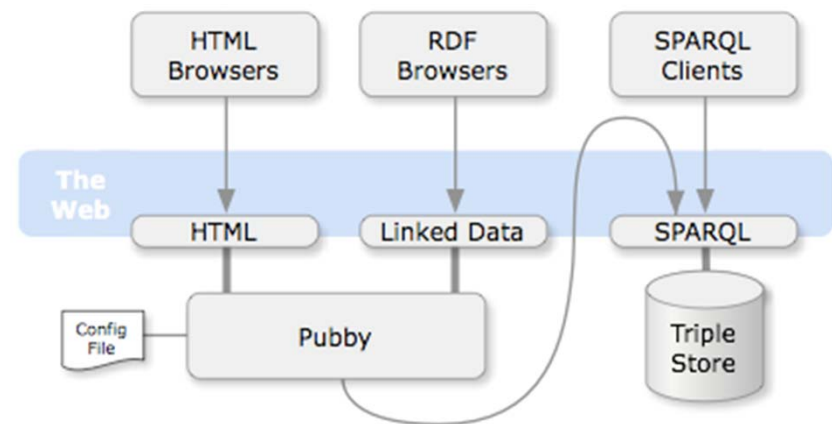
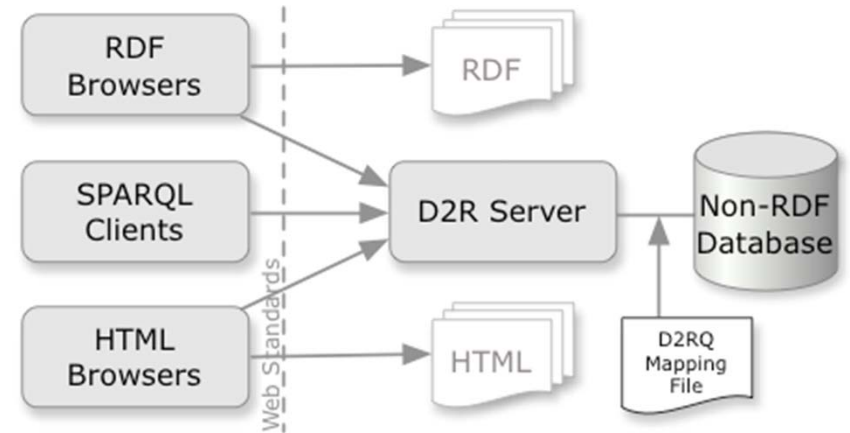
- provides for mapping relational databases into RDF and for serving them as Linked Data

2. Pubby

- Linked Data Frontend for SPARQL Endpoints

3. More tools

- <http://esw.w3.org/TaskForces/CommunityProjects/LinkingOpenData/PublishingTools>



3.2 Set RDF links pointing at other data sources

■ Examples of RDF links

```
<http://dbpedia.org/resource/Berlin> owl:sameAs  
<http://sws.geonames.org/2950159> .
```

```
<http://example-bookshop.com/book006251587X> owl:sameAs  
<http://www4.wiwiss.fu-berlin.de/bookmashup/books/006251587X> .
```

How to generate RDF links?

1. Pattern-based Approaches

- Exploit naming conventions within URIs (for instance ISBNs, Gen IDs, ...)

2. Similarity-based Approaches

- Compare items within different data sources using various similarity metrics

Link Generation Tools

■ Silk – Link Discovery Framework

- provides a user interface for specifying link conditions which may combine different similarity metrics

■ More tools

- <http://esw.w3.org/TaskForces/CommunityProjects/LinkingOpenData/EquivalenceMining>

A Silk Linkage Rule

Silk Workbench

Workspace: Cora

Editor: linkcora

Generate Links

Reference Links

Learn

About

Export as Silk-LS

Help

Precision = 0.98 | Recall = 0.20 | F-measure = 0.33



Property Paths

Source: cora

Restriction: ?a ?p ?o .

- (custom path)
- ?a/<http://test.org/author>
- ?a/<http://test.org/title>
- ?a/<http://test.org/date>

Target: cora

Restriction: ?b ?p ?o .

- (custom path)
- ?b/<http://test.org/author>
- ?b/<http://test.org/title>
- ?b/<http://test.org/date>

Transformations

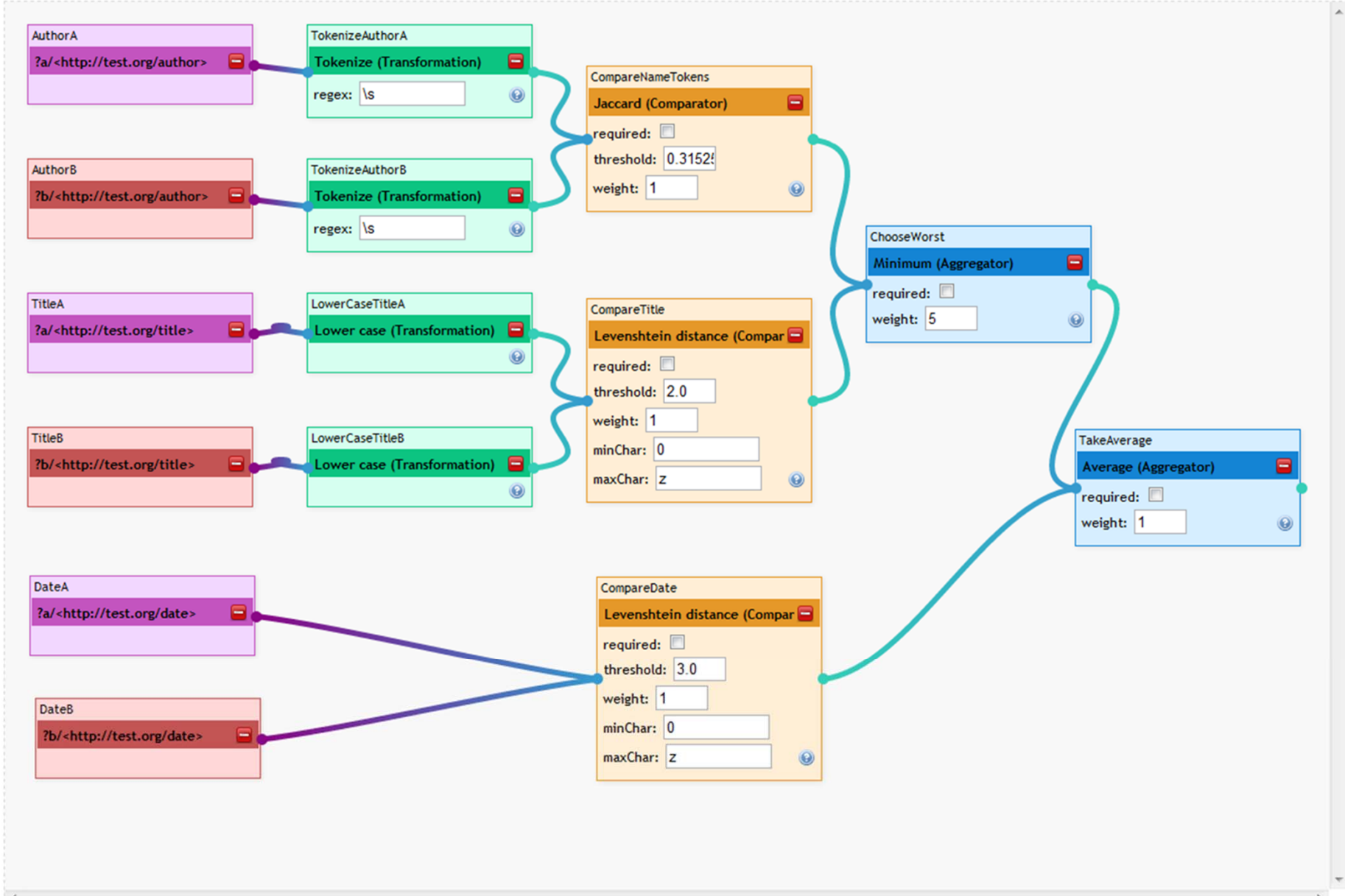
- Lower case
- Merge
- Numeric reduce
- Regex replace
- Remove blanks

Comparators

- Jaccard
- Jaro distance
- Jaro-Winkler distance
- Levenshtein distance
- Normalized Levenshtein distance

Aggregators

- Average
- Euclidian distance
- Geometric mean
- Maximum
- Minimum



3.3 Make your Data Self-Descriptive

■ Increase the usefulness of your data and ease data integration

■ Aspects of self-descriptiveness

1. Enable clients to retrieve the schema
2. Reuse terms from common vocabularies / ontologies
3. Publish schema mappings for proprietary terms
4. Provide provenance metadata
5. Provide licensing metadata

■ Statistics about the compliance with these best practices

- <http://lod-cloud.net/state/>

Enable Clients to retrieve the Schema

Clients can resolve the URIs that identify vocabulary terms in order to get their RDFS or OWL definitions.

Some data on the Web

```
<http://richard.cyganiak.de/foaf.rdf#cygri>  
  foaf:name "Richard Cyganiak" ;  
  rdf:type <http://xmlns.com/foaf/0.1/Person> .
```

Resolve unknown term

`http://xmlns.com/foaf/0.1/Person`

RDFS or OWL definition

```
<http://xmlns.com/foaf/0.1/Person>  
  rdf:type owl:Class ;  
  rdfs:label "Person";  
  rdfs:subClassOf <http://xmlns.com/foaf/0.1/Agent> ;  
  rdfs:subClassOf <http://xmlns.com/wordnet/1.6/Agent> .
```

Reuse Terms from Common Vocabularies

■ Common Vocabularies

- **Friend-of-a-Friend** for describing people and their social network
- **SIOC** for describing forums and blogs
- **SKOS** for representing topic taxonomies
- **Organization Ontology** for describing the structure of organizations
- **GoodRelations** provides terms for describing products and business entities
- **Music Ontology** for describing artists, albums, and performances
- **Review Vocabulary** provides terms for representing reviews

■ Common sources of identifiers (URIs) for real world objects

- **LinkedGeoData** and **Geonames** locations
- **GenID** and **UniProt** life science identifiers
- **DBpedia** wide range of things

Usage of Common Vocabularies in the LOD Cloud

- **Some terms from non-proprietary vocabularies:
191 (64.75 %) of the 295 sources**
- **Only proprietary vocabularies:
104 (35.25 %) of the 295 sources**
- **Common Vocabularies**

dc	92 (31.19 %)
foaf	81 (27.46 %)
skos	58 (19.66 %)
geo	25 (8.47 %)
akt	17 (5.76 %)
bibo	14 (4.75 %)
mo	13 (4.41 %)
vcard	10 (3.39 %)
sioc	10 (3.39 %)
cc	8 (2.71 %)

Publish Schema Mappings on the Web

```
<http://dbpedia.org/ontology/Person>  
owl:equivalentClass  
<http://xmlns.com/foaf/0.1/Person> .
```

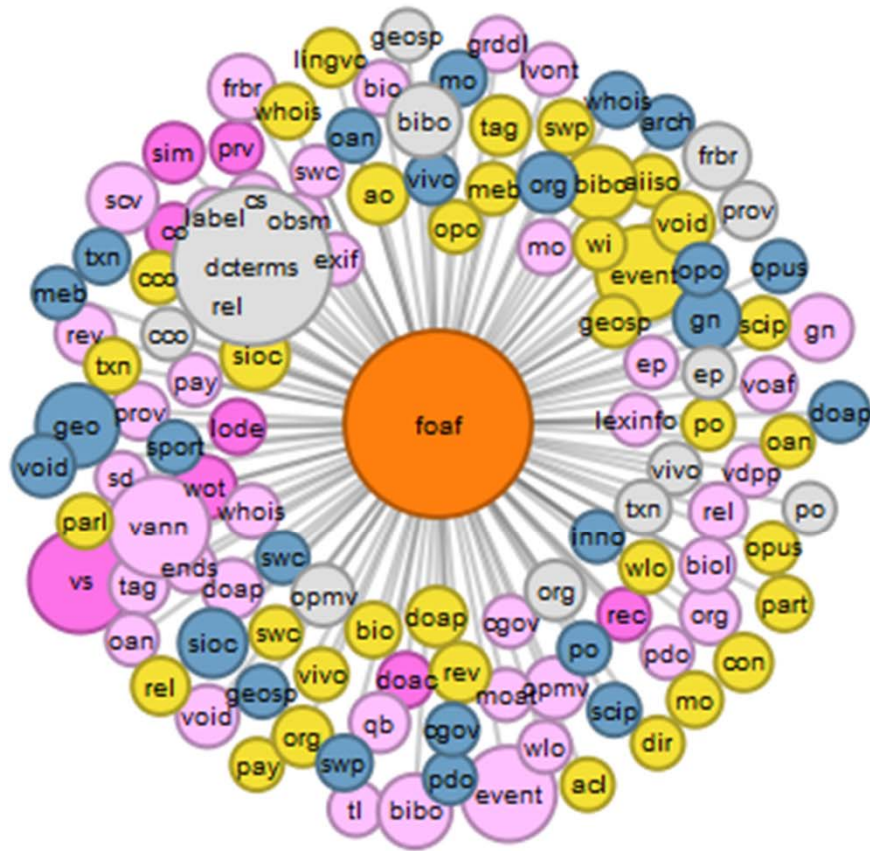
■ Terms for representing correspondences

- owl:equivalentClass, owl:equivalentProperty,
- rdfs:subClassOf, rdfs:subPropertyOf
- skos:broadMatch, skos:narrowMatch

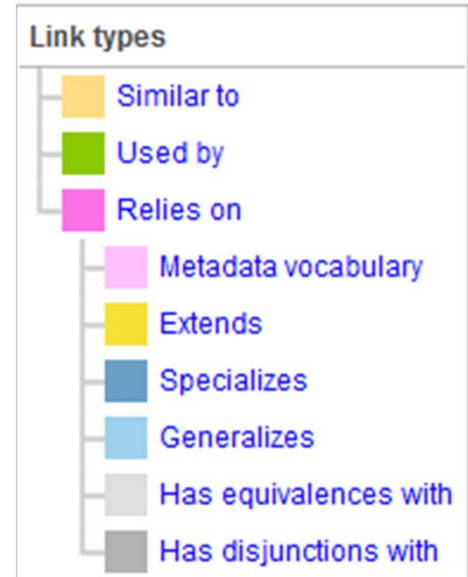
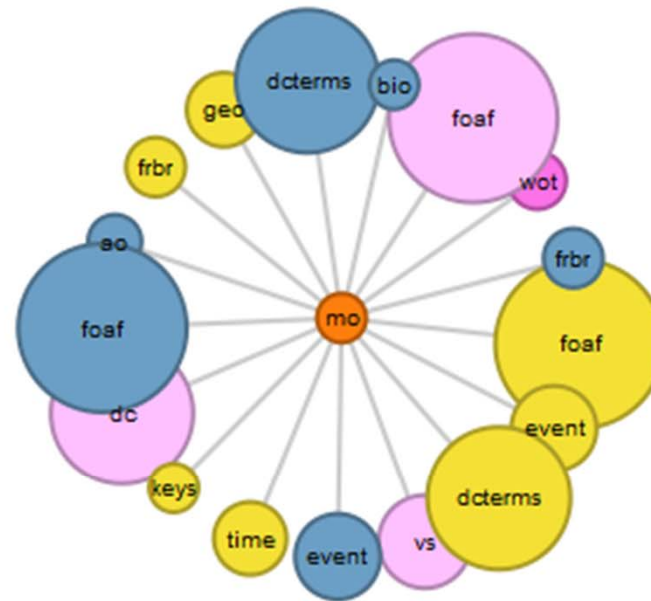
Deployment of Vocabulary Links

Vocabulary links:

Vocabularies referencing "foaf" (119)

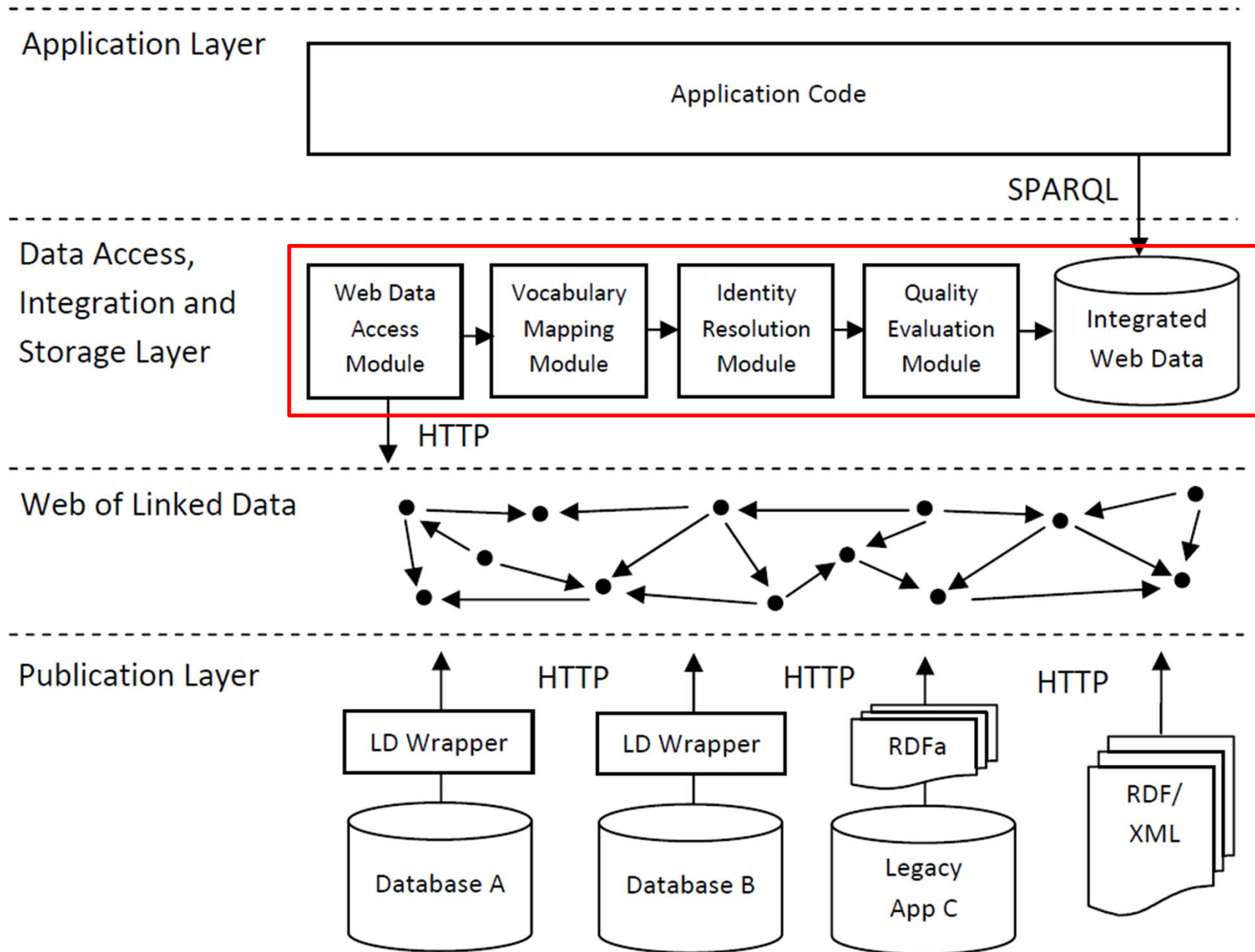


Vocabularies referenced by "mo" (17)



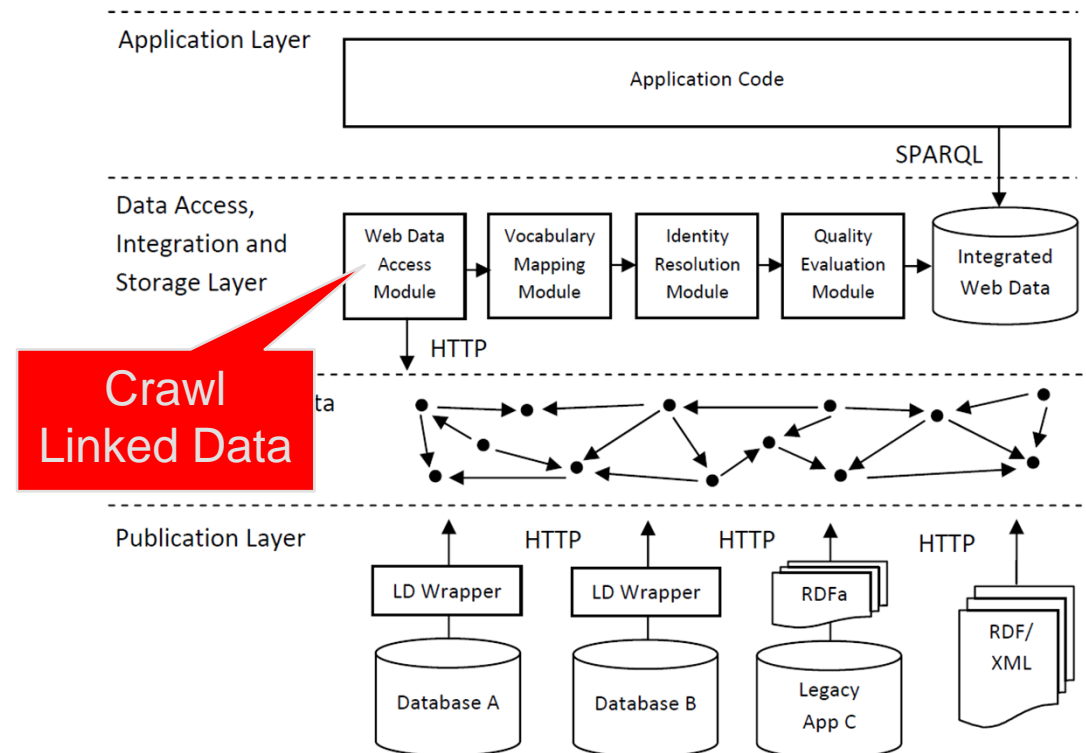
Source: Linked Open Vocabularies,
<http://labs.mondeca.com/dataset/lov>

3.3 Tasks involved in Consuming Linked Data



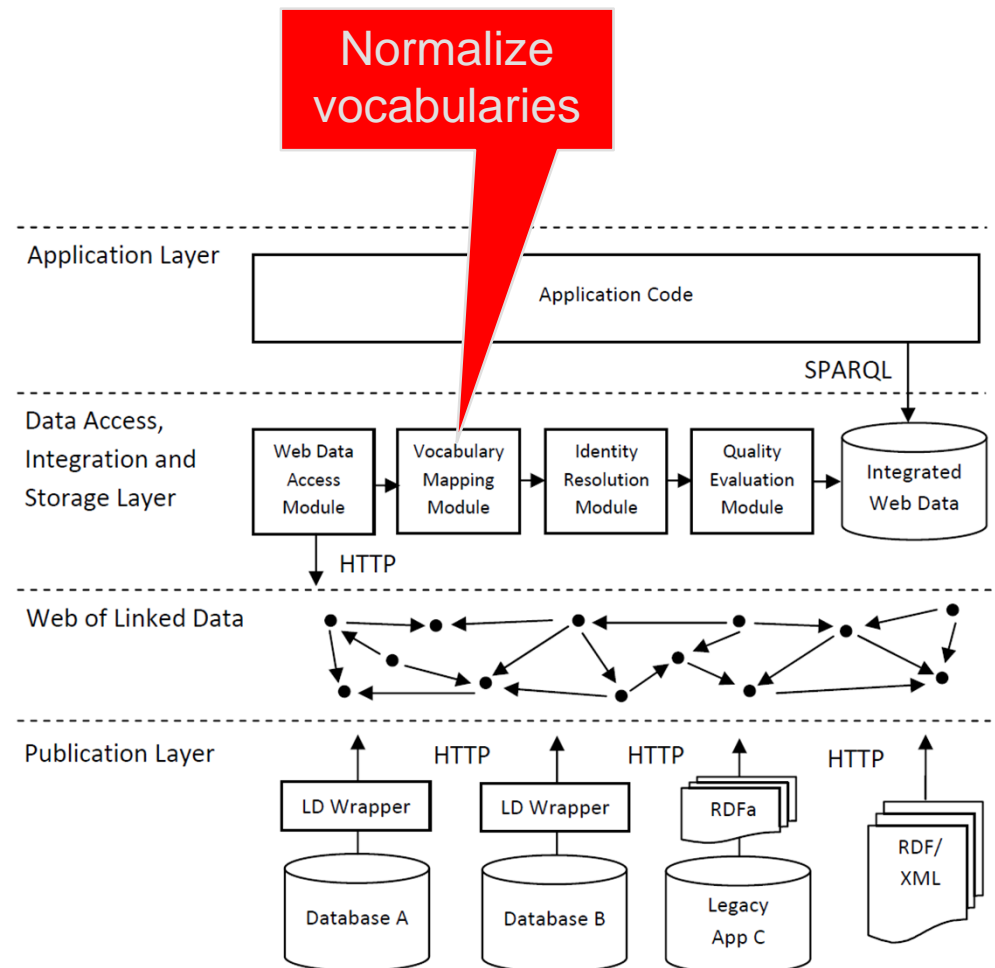
LDspider

- Flexible open-source Linked Data crawler
- Crawls RDF/XML and RDFa
- <https://code.google.com/p/ldspider/>



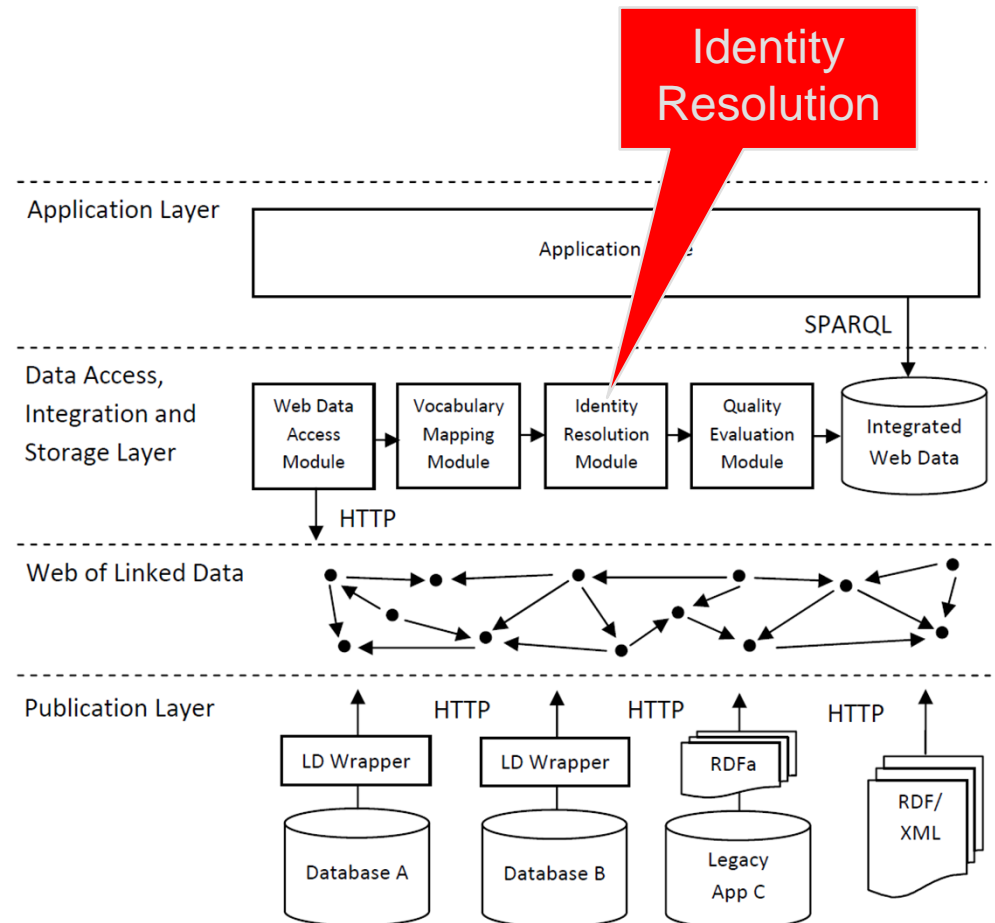
R2R Framework

- Tool for translating RDF data between different vocabularies
- <http://wifo5-03.informatik.uni-mannheim.de/bizer/r2r/>
- Alternative:
Use SPARQL Construct queries to translate data



Silk Server

- Add missing links while consuming Linked Data
- Designed to work together with LDspider



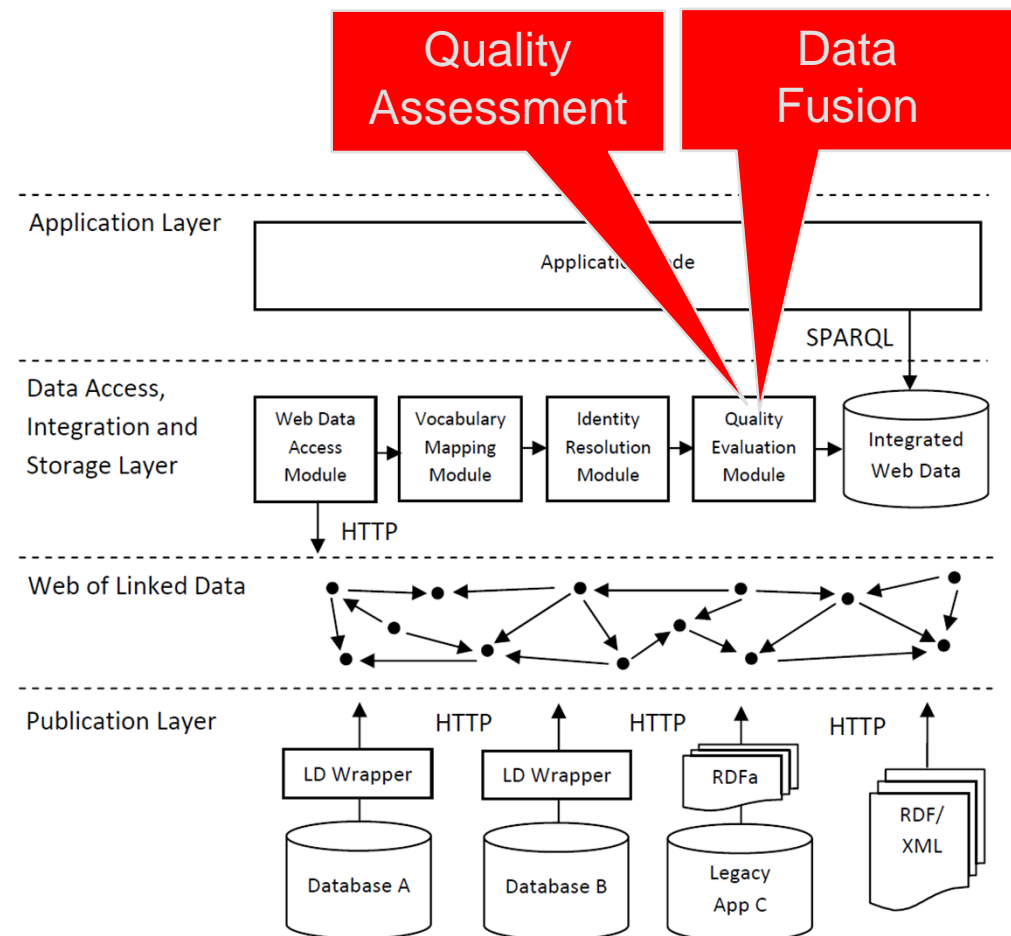
Sieve Framework and WIQA Browser

■ Sieve Framework

- Allows you to filter Web data using different data quality assessment policies
- Allows you to fuse data from different sources
- <http://sieve.wbsg.de/>

■ WIQA Browser

- Enables you to interactively employ different quality assessment policies
- Produces explanations about filtering decisions
- <http://wifo5-03.informatik.uni-mannheim.de/bizer/wiqa/browser/>



The WIQA Browser

WIQA Browser - Mozilla Firefox

http://127.0.0.1:1978/piggy-bank/e1eb9ba7fe10653332021055d7562c83/default?command=browse&policyURI=Information+from+German+analysts&...=40lwq.project.Proj

WIQA Browser

19.07.2006 14:35:50

1 filter criterion

- is a: Share (remove) [add more]

Order Commands

2 items
sorted by name [A to Z]

Policy Selection Panel

Type here to search

- is a
- name
- discussion forum posting
- emitted by
- positive analyst report
- negative analyst report

Policy: Information from German analysts

- Information from German analysts
- Information from positively rated information providers
- New information from highly rated analysts
- Only German or English information
- Accept only information from Deutsche Bank
- More positive Ratings
- TidalTrust rating above 5
- Asserted by two different analysts
- Asserted by analysts with at least 3 positive ratings
- Accept everything

Oh, yeah? Button

urn:ISIN:DE0007236101 [URI]

emitted by urn:DUNS:316067164

is a Share

positive analyst report

Siemens agrees partnership with Novell unit SUSE. Siemens Business Services (SBS), the IT services arm of German technology conglomerate Siemens, said on Tuesday it had agreed a partnership deal with Novell's Linux. Linux software is open-source, meaning it can be freely copied, modified and distributed. In a statement, Novell said it had agreed to a partnership status. SBS is one of Europe's top 10 IT service providers. The exclusive province of a few dedicated enthusiasts, SBS is now seen as a leading provider of IT services supported by U.S. giant International Business Machines (nyse: IBM - news - people), among others. Its advocates, who include big businesses and government departments, argue it is cheaper, simpler and more secure than Windows.

Show Referers

Delete

urn:ISIN:US4581401001 [URI]

is a Share

negative analyst report

Intel investiert Milliarden in Werks-Modernisierung. Der weltgroesste Chiphersteller Intel will nach Firmenangaben mit milliardenschweren Investitionen seine aelteren Werke modernisieren, um ihnen die Fertigung kleinerer Mikroprozessoren zu ermöglichen. Ziel ist die Umstellung aelterer Anlagen auf die Produktion von 65-Nanometer- von 90-Nanometer-Chips. Der Konzern befindet sich mitten in einem Modernisierungsprogramm ueber fuerf Mrd. Dollar, sagte Intel-Chef Craig Barret am Sonntag zum 30. Jahrestag der Taetigkeit von Intel in Israel. Die aelteren Anlagen sollen auf die Produktion von 65-Nanometer- von 90-Nanometer-Chips (ein Nanometer ist ein Millionstel Millimeter) umgestellt werden. Wir haben eine Menge 65-Nanometer-Investitionen. Dafuer geht der groesste Teil der Aufwendungen von 5 Mrd. \$ drauf, sagte Barret. Er verwies dazu insbesondere auf die US-Werke in Phoenix, Portland und Oregon sowie die Anlage in Irland. In zwei Jahren seien noch kleinere Halbleiter moeglich, sagte er. Im zweiten Halbjahr 2007 sollte es die 45-Nanometer- Technologie geben, erklarte Barret. Er lehnte es jedoch ab, sich zu den Finanzergebnissen des Konzerns zu aendern. Er sagte lediglich, das Geschaef wachse weltweit. Kraeftiges Wachstum sei in den Schwellenlaendern zu verzeichnen.

Show Referers

Fertig

WIQA Browser - Mozilla Firefox

http://127.0.0.1:1978/piggy-bank/e1eb9ba7fe10653332021055d7562c83/default?command=browse&policyURI=Information+from+German+analysts&...=40lwq.project.Proj

[WIQA Browser]

WIQA Browser

19.07.2006 14:35:50

1 filter criterion

- is a: Share (remove) [add more]

Order Commands

2 items
sorted by name [A to Z]

urn:ISIN:DE0007236101

emitted by urn:DUNS:316067164

is a Share

positive analyst report Siemens agrees partnership with Novell unit of German technology conglomerate Siemens (nasdaq: NOVL - news - people) newly acquired unit SUSE Linux. Linux software is open-source, meaning it can be freely copied and modified, unlike proprietary software such as Microsoft (nasdaq: MSFT - news - people) Windows. In the past months clients have been asking more and more for open-source platforms, SBS said in a statement which said SUSE would have premier partner status. SBS is one of Europe's top 10 information technology service providers. Linux, once the exclusive province of a few dedicated enthusiasts, is now seen as the only serious rival to Windows and is supported by U.S. giant International Business Machines (nyse: IBM - news - people), among others. Its advocates, who include big businesses and government departments, argue it is cheaper, simpler and more secure than Windows.

Show Referers

Delete

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is a Share

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Show Referers

Fertig

Explanation - Mozilla Firefox

EXPLANATION

WIQA Browser

The Triple:

Siemens Share positive analyst report Siemens agrees partnership with Novell unit SUSE. Siemens Business Services (SBS), the IT services arm of German technology conglomerate Siemens <SIEGn.DE>, said on Tuesday it had agreed a partnership deal with Novell's (nasdaq: NOVL - news - people) newly acquired unit SUSE Linux. Linux software is open-source, meaning it can be freely copied and modified, unlike proprietary software such as Microsoft (nasdaq: MSFT - news - people) Windows. In the past months clients have been asking more and more for open-source platforms, SBS said in a statement which said SUSE would have premier partner status. SBS is one of Europe's top 10 information technology service providers. Linux, once the exclusive province of a few dedicated enthusiasts, is now seen as the only serious rival to Windows and is supported by U.S. giant International Business Machines (nyse: IBM - news - people), among others. Its advocates, who include big businesses and government departments, argue it is cheaper, simpler and more secure than Windows.

fulfils the policy:

Use only information which has been asserted by German analysts.

because:

- it is stated in the document [Information from Peter Smith](#), which is asserted by the German analyst [Peter Smith](#).

Close

Fertig

Naive Reasoning on Web Data does not work!

■ Experiment: Naive RDF Schema reasoning on DBpedia data

- What are the `rdf:types` of `dbpedia:Germany`?
- Results: Place, Award, Populated Place, City, SportsTeam, Mountain, Agent, Organisation, Country, Stadium, RecordLabel, MilitaryUnit, Company, EducationalInstitution, PersonFunction, EthnicGroup, Architect, WineRegion, Language, MilitaryConflict, Settlement, RouteOfTransportation

■ What is going on here?

- DBpedia data is noisy as it was produced by many different people
- With naïve reasoning one wrong statement is enough for a wrong conclusion
- Germany example: 38,000 statements, 20 wrong types from 20 wrong statements (error rate of 0.05%)

■ Conclusion

- Always assess the quality of Web data before applying any reasoning
- Alternatively use robust reasoning methods
(for instance: Paulheim/Bizer: Type inference on noisy RDF data. ISWC 2013)

The Dataspace Vision

Alternative to classic data integration systems in order to cope with growing number of data sources.

■ Properties of dataspaces

- provide for data-coexistence
- require no upfront investment into a global schema
- give best effort answers to queries
- rely on pay-as-you-go data integration

**Franklin, M., Halevy, A., and Maier, D.: From Databases to Dataspaces
A new Abstraction for Information Management, SIGMOD Rec. 2005.**

**Madhavan, J., et al.: Web-scale Data Integration: You Can Only Afford
to Pay As You Go, CIDR 2007**



Linked Data relies on the Pay-as-You-Go Idea

- for Identity Management
- for Schema/Vocabulary Management

Providing Integration Hints

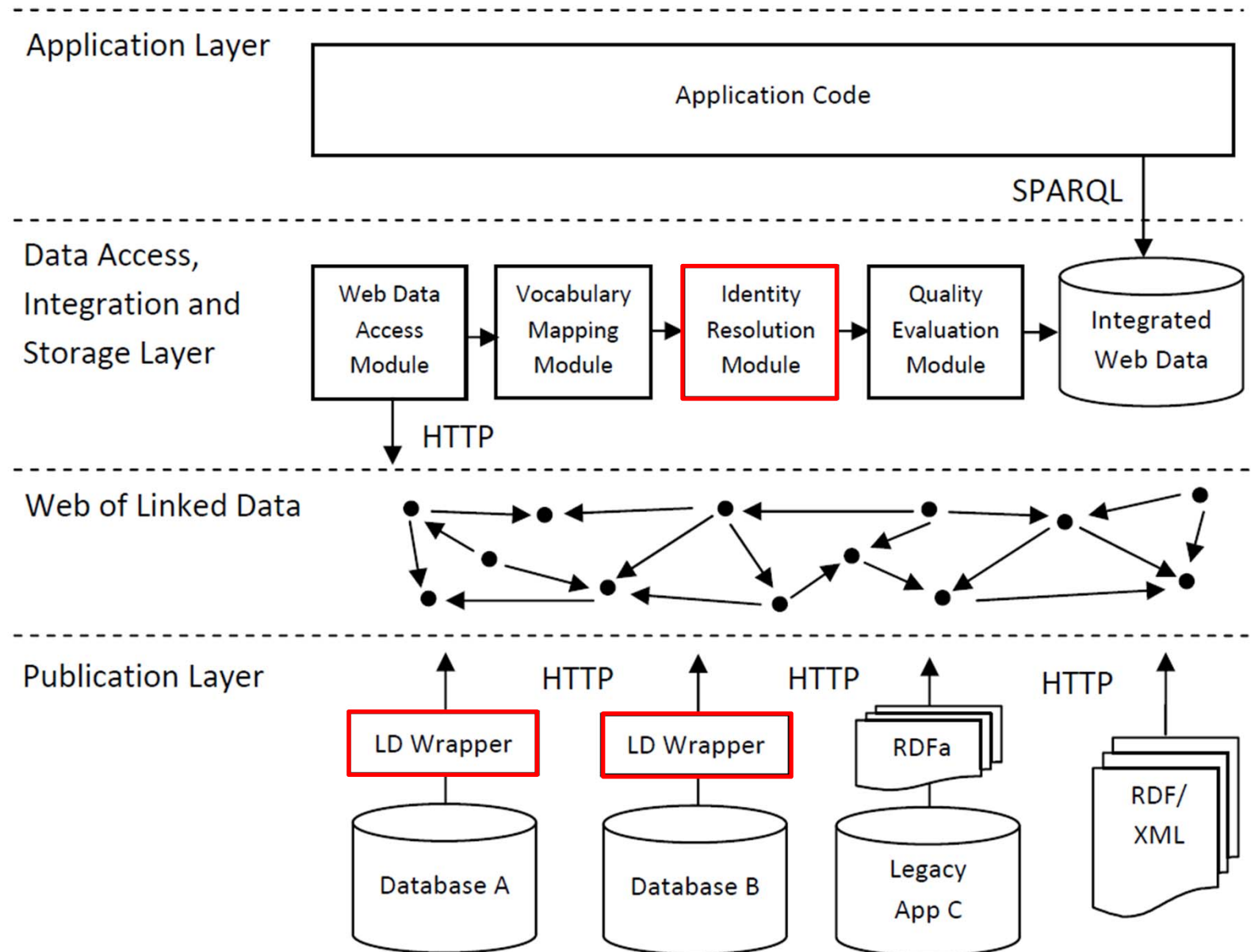
- by publishing **Identity Links** on the Web

Identity Link

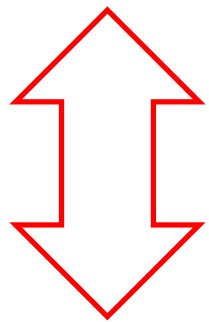
```
<http://www4.wiwiss.fu-berlin.de/is-group/resource/persons/Person4>  
owl:sameAs  
<http://dblp.13s.de/d2r/resource/authors/Christian_Bizer> .
```

- You publish links pointing at other data sources.
- Somebody else publishes links pointing at your data source.

Effort Distribution between Publisher and Consumer



Consumer data mines identity links



Effort Distribution

Publishers or third parties provides identity links

Providing Integration Hints

■ by publishing **Vocabulary Links** on the Web

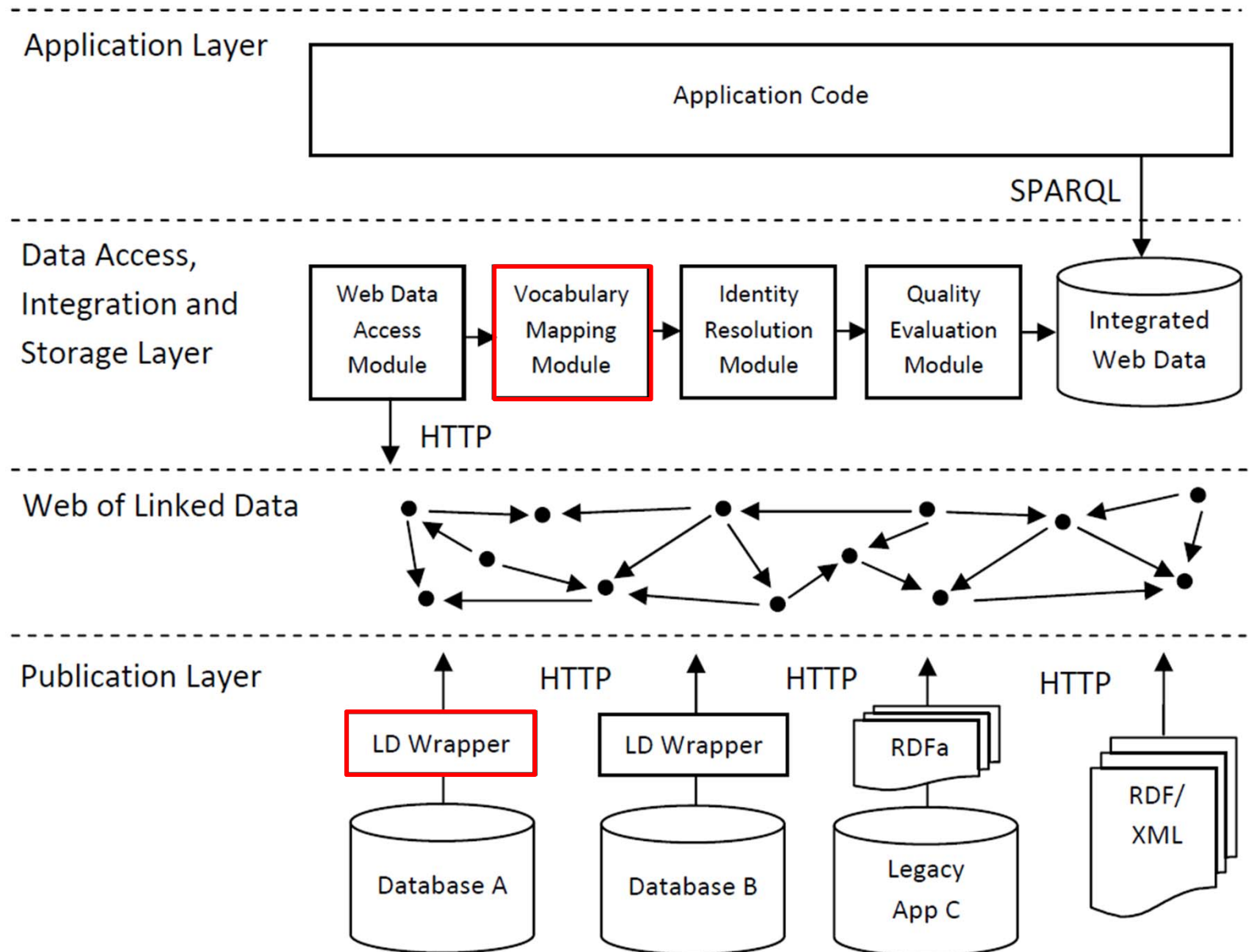
Vocabulary Link

```
<http://xmlns.com/foaf/0.1/Person>  
owl:equivalentClass  
<http://dbpedia.org/ontology/Person> .
```

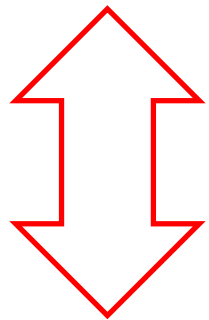
■ Terms for expressing Correspondences

- owl:equivalentClass, owl:equivalentProperty
- rdfs:subClassOf, rdfs:subPropertyOf

Effort Distribution between Publisher and Consumer



Consumer defines or data mines mappings



Effort Distribution

Publisher reuses vocabularies

Publisher or third party publishes mappings

Somebody-Pays-As-You-Go

The overall data integration effort is **split** between the data publisher, the data consumer and third parties.

■ Data Publisher

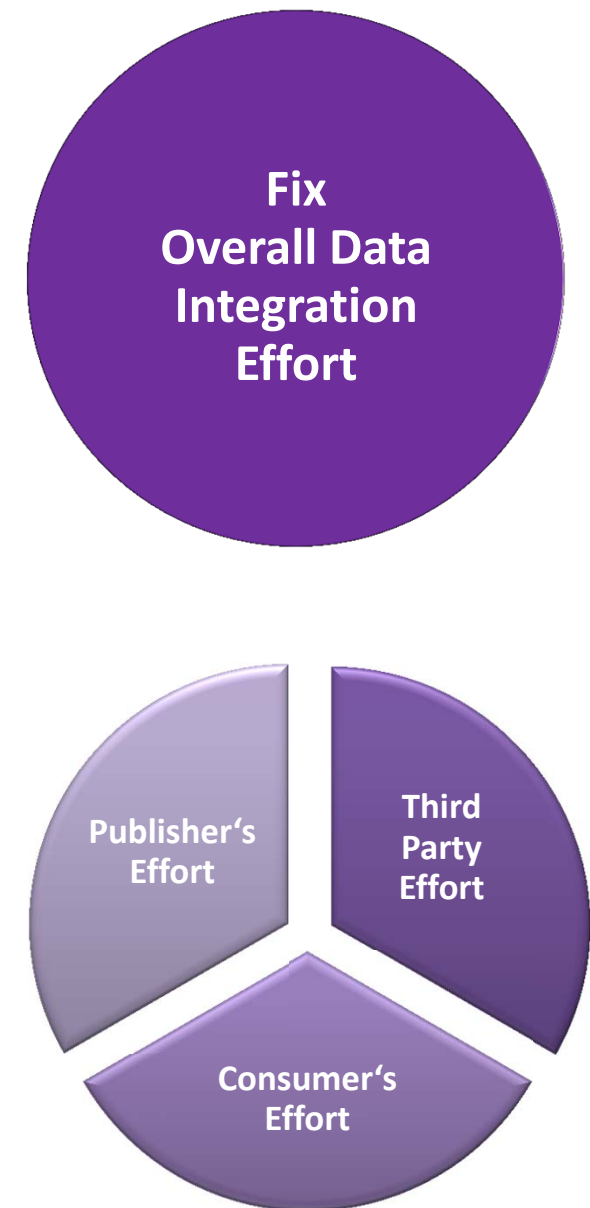
- publishes data as RDF
- sets identity links
- reuses terms or publishes mappings

■ Third Parties

- set identity links pointing at your data
- publish mappings to the Web

■ Data Consumer

- has to do the rest
- using record linkage and schema matching techniques



4. Alternative Web Data Publishing Formats

More and more Websites semantically markup the content of their **HTML pages**.

Microformats



RDFa



Microdata





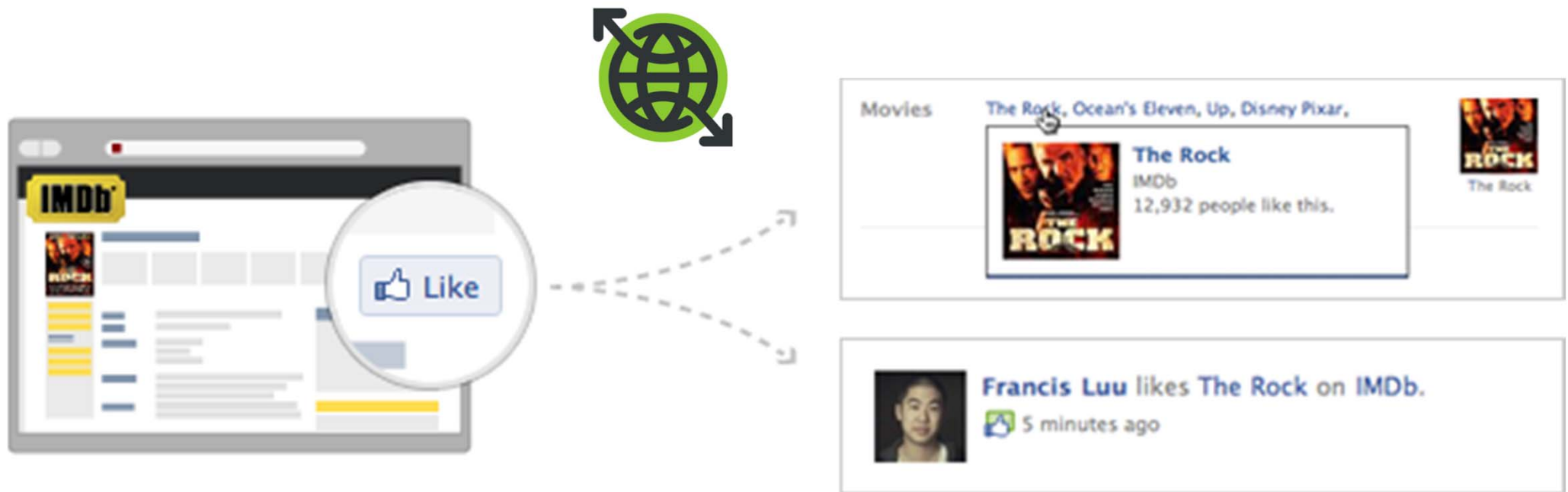
- **Microformat effort dates back to 2003**
- **Small set of fixed formats**
 - hcard : people, companies, organizations, and places
 - XFN : relationships between people
 - hCalendar : calendaring and events
 - hListing : small-ads; classifieds
 - hReview : reviews of products, businesses, events
- **Shortcoming of Microformats**
 - can not represent any kind of data.
- **indexed by Google and Yahoo since 2009**



- serialization format for embedding RDF data into HTML pages
- proposed in 2004, W3C Recommendation in 2008
- can be used together with any vocabulary
- can assign URIs as global primary keys to entities

```
1 <html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml"
2   xmlns:rdf="http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#"
3   xmlns:foaf="http://xmlns.com/foaf/0.1/">
4 ...
5   <div about="http://example.com/Peter" typeof="foaf:Person">
6     <span property="foaf:name">Peter Smith</span> knows
7     <a rel="foaf:knows" href="http://example.com/Paula">Paula
8       Jones</a>.
9   </div>
10 ...
```

- allows site owners to determine how entities are described in Facebook
- relies on RDFa for encoding data in HTML pages
- available since April 2010



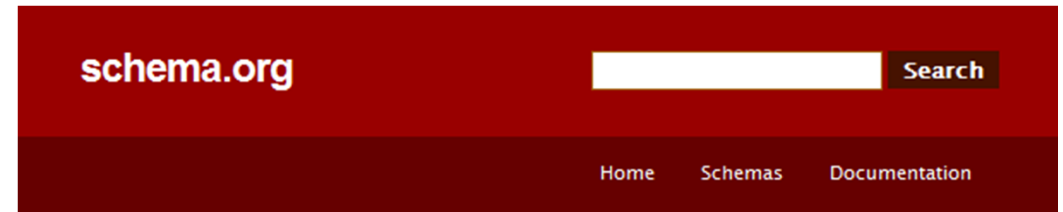


- alternative technique for embedding structured data
- proposed in 2009 by WHATWG as part of HTML5 work
- tries to be simpler than RDFa (5 new attributes instead of 8)
- W3C currently tries to reconcile the two alternative proposals

```
1 <div itemscope itemtype="http://schema.org/Person" itemid="http
   ://example.com/Peter">
2   <span itemprop="name">Peter Smith</span>
3   <a href="http://example.com/Paula" itemprop="knows">Paula Jones
   </a>
4 </div>
```



- ask site owners to embed data to enrich search results.
- 200+ Types: Event, Organization, Person, Place, Product, Review
- Encoding: Microdata or alternatively RDFa



[Thing](#) > [Organization](#) > [LocalBusiness](#)

A particular physical business or branch of an organization. Examples of LocalBusiness include a restaurant, a particular branch of a restaurant chain, a branch of a bank, a medical practice, a club, a bowling alley, etc.

Property	Expected Type	Description
Properties from Thing		
description	Text	A short description of the item.
image	URL	URL of an image of the item.
name	Text	The name of the item.
url	URL	URL of the item.
Properties from Place		
address	PostalAddress	Physical address of the item.
aggregateRating	AggregateRating	The overall rating, based on a collection of reviews or ratings, of the item.
containedIn	Place	The basic containment relation between places.

Usage of Schema.org Data @ Google

[The Fillmore - Western Addition/NOPA - San Francisco, CA](#) 🔍

★★★★☆ 752 reviews - Price range: \$\$

752 Reviews of The Fillmore "Last night we went to see Chris Isaak and it was our first time at the Fillmore. We could not have been any more delighted with ...

www.yelp.com/biz/the-fillmore-san-francisco - United States - Cached - Similar

[The Fillmore San Francisco - The Fillmore Schedule | Eventful](#) 🔍

View The Fillmore's upcoming event schedule and profile - San Francisco, CA. The Fillmore, also known as Fillmore Auditorium, is located in San ...

[The Radiators - Farewell Tour! - 100th GAMH show!](#) Fri, Jan 7

[3 NIGHTS! - An Evening With - Dark Star Orchestra](#) Fri, Jan 7

[Bird by Bird - The Soft White Sixties - The Trophy Fire ...](#) Fri, Jan 7

eventful.com › San Francisco venues - Cached - Similar

Data snippets
within
search results

[Movies for San Francisco, CA](#)

The Hunger Games		2hr 22min	PG-13	Action	Trailer
21 Jump Street	★★★★☆ 3 reviews	1hr 49min	R	Action	Trailer
Dr. Seuss' The Lorax	★★★★☆ 43 reviews	1hr 35min	PG	Animation	Trailer
Dr. Seuss' The ...	★★★★☆ 43 reviews	1hr 35min	PG	Animation	Trailer
John Carter	★★★★☆ 11 reviews	2hr 19min	PG-13	Action	Trailer
Act of Valor	★★★★☆ 42 reviews	1hr 51min	R	Action	

[+ Show more movies](#)

Data tables
within
search results

[Catherine Zeta-Jones date of birth — 25 September 1969](#) - [Feedback](#)

According to wikipedia.org, imdb.com, talktalk.co.uk and 4 others - [Show sources](#)

Answers to
fact queries

The Common Crawl

Common
Crawl



Home

Our Work

Team »

Data »

Media

Blog



Common Crawl is a non-profit foundation dedicated to building and maintaining an open crawl of the web, thereby enabling a new wave of innovation, education and research.

Our Work

Team

Data

■ WebDataCommons.org Project

- extracts all Microformat, Microdata, RDFa data from the Common Crawl
- provides the extracted data for free download

■ Two extractions runs

- 2009/2010 CC Corpus: 2.5 billion HTML pages → 5.1 billion RDF triples
- 2012 CC Corpus: 3.0 billion HTML pages → 7.3 billion RDF triples

■ Jointed project of

UNIVERSITÄT
MANNHEIM



Websites containing Structured Data (CC 2012)

369 million of the 3 billion pages contain Microformat, Microdata or RDFa data (12.3%).

2.29 million websites (PLDs) out of 40.6 million provide Microformat, Microdata or RDFa data (5.65%)

RDFa Topics (CC 2012)

■ Top Classes:

■ Topics

- CMS and Blog metadata
- Product data
- Ratings
- Company listings

	Class	PLDs Total		PLDs in Alexa	
		#	%	#	%
1	<i>og:"article"</i>	183,046	35.24	17,002	30.29
2	<i>og:"blog"</i>	58,971	11.35	5,820	10.37
3	<i>og:"website"</i>	56,573	10.89	9,533	16.98
4	<i>foaf:Document</i>	49,252	9.48	2,802	4.99
5	<i>foaf:Image</i>	44,644	8.60	2,794	4.98
6	<i>sioc:Item</i>	33,141	6.38	2,188	3.90
7	<i>sioc:UserAccount</i>	19,331	3.72	1,327	2.36
8	<i>og:"product"</i>	19,107	3.68	3,389	6.04
9	<i>skos:Concept</i>	13,477	2.59	1,135	2.02
10	<i>dv:Breadcrumb</i>	9,054	1.74	2,123	3.78
11	<i>sioc:Post</i>	6,994	1.35	691	1.23
12	<i>og:"company"</i>	6,758	1.30	1,067	1.90
13	<i>dv:Review-aggregate</i>	6,236	1.20	1,410	2.51
14	<i>dv:Rating</i>	4,139	0.80	845	1.51
15	<i>sioc:BlogPost</i>	3,936	0.76	308	0.55
16	<i>sioc:Comment</i>	3,339	0.64	456	0.81
17	<i>og:"activity"</i>	3,303	0.64	606	1.08
18	<i>vcard:Address</i>	3,167	0.61	401	0.71
19	<i>gr:BusinessEntity</i>	3,155	0.61	392	0.70
20	<i>dv:Organization</i>	2,502	0.48	367	0.65

og = Facebook's Open Graph Protocol

Microdata Topics (CC 2012)

■ Top Classes:

■ Topics

- CMS and Blog metadata
- Navigational metadata
- Products and offers
- Business listings
- Ratings

datavoc = Google's
Rich Snippet Vocabulary
schema = Schema.org

	Class	PLDs Total		PLDs in Alexa	
		#	%	#	%
1	<i>schema:BlogPosting</i>	25,235	17.98	1,502	6.63
2	<i>datavoc:Breadcrumb</i>	21,729	15.49	5,244	23.13
3	<i>schema:PostalAddress</i>	19,592	13.96	1,404	6.19
4	<i>schema:Product</i>	16,612	11.84	3,038	13.40
5	<i>schema:LocalBusiness</i>	16,383	11.68	845	3.73
6	<i>schema:Article</i>	15,718	11.20	3,025	13.35
7	<i>datavoc:Review-aggregate</i>	8,517	6.07	2,376	10.48
8	<i>schema:Offer</i>	8,456	6.03	1,474	6.50
9	<i>datavoc:Rating</i>	7,711	5.50	1,726	7.61
10	<i>schema:AggregateRating</i>	7,029	5.01	1,791	7.90
11	<i>schema:Organization</i>	7,011	5.00	1,270	5.60
12	<i>datavoc:Product</i>	6,770	4.82	1,156	5.10
13	<i>schema:WebPage</i>	6,678	4.76	2,112	9.32
14	<i>datavoc:Organization</i>	5,853	4.17	654	2.89
15	<i>datavoc:Address</i>	5,559	3.96	654	2.89
16	<i>schema:Person</i>	5,237	3.73	890	3.93
17	<i>schema:GeoCoordinates</i>	4,677	3.33	312	1.38
18	<i>schema:Place</i>	4,131	2.94	488	2.15
19	<i>schema:Event</i>	4,102	2.92	659	2.91
20	<i>datavoc:Person</i>	2,877	2.05	523	2.31
21	<i>datavoc:Review</i>	2,816	2.01	783	3.45

Microformats

■ Top Classes:

■ Topics

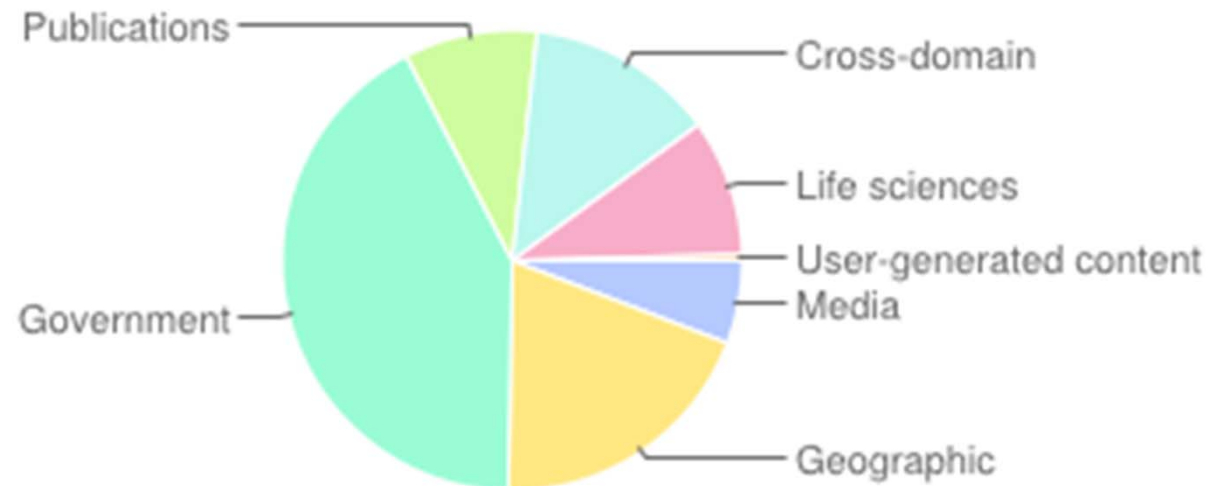
- Persons
- Organisations
- Events
- Listings and Reviews
- Recipes

	Class	PLDs Total		PLDs in Alexa	
		#	%	#	%
1	<i>hCard:VCard</i>	1,511,467	84.03	87,758	83.79
2	<i>hCard:Organization</i>	195,493	10.87	10,430	9.96
3	<i>hCard:Location</i>	48,415	2.69	2,784	2.66
4	<i>hCalendar:vcalendar</i>	37,620	2.09	4,614	4.41
5	<i>hCalendar:Vevent</i>	36,349	2.02	4,400	4.20
6	<i>hReview:Review</i>	20,781	1.16	3,659	3.49
7	<i>hListing:Lister</i>	4,030	0.22	244	0.23
8	<i>hListing:Listing</i>	4,030	0.22	244	0.23
8	<i>hRecipe:Recipe</i>	3,281	0.18	1,068	1.02
10	<i>hListing:Item</i>	2,957	0.16	164	0.16
11	<i>hRecipe:Ingredient</i>	2,658	0.15	891	0.85
12	<i>hRecipe:Duration</i>	1,323	0.07	473	0.45
13	<i>hRecipe:Nutrition</i>	818	0.05	300	0.29
14	<i>species:species</i>	91	0.01	38	0.04
15	<i>species:Genus</i>	61	0.00	24	0.02
16	<i>species:Family</i>	60	0.00	24	0.02
17	<i>species:Kingdom</i>	59	0.00	24	0.02
18	<i>species:Order</i>	59	0.00	25	0.02

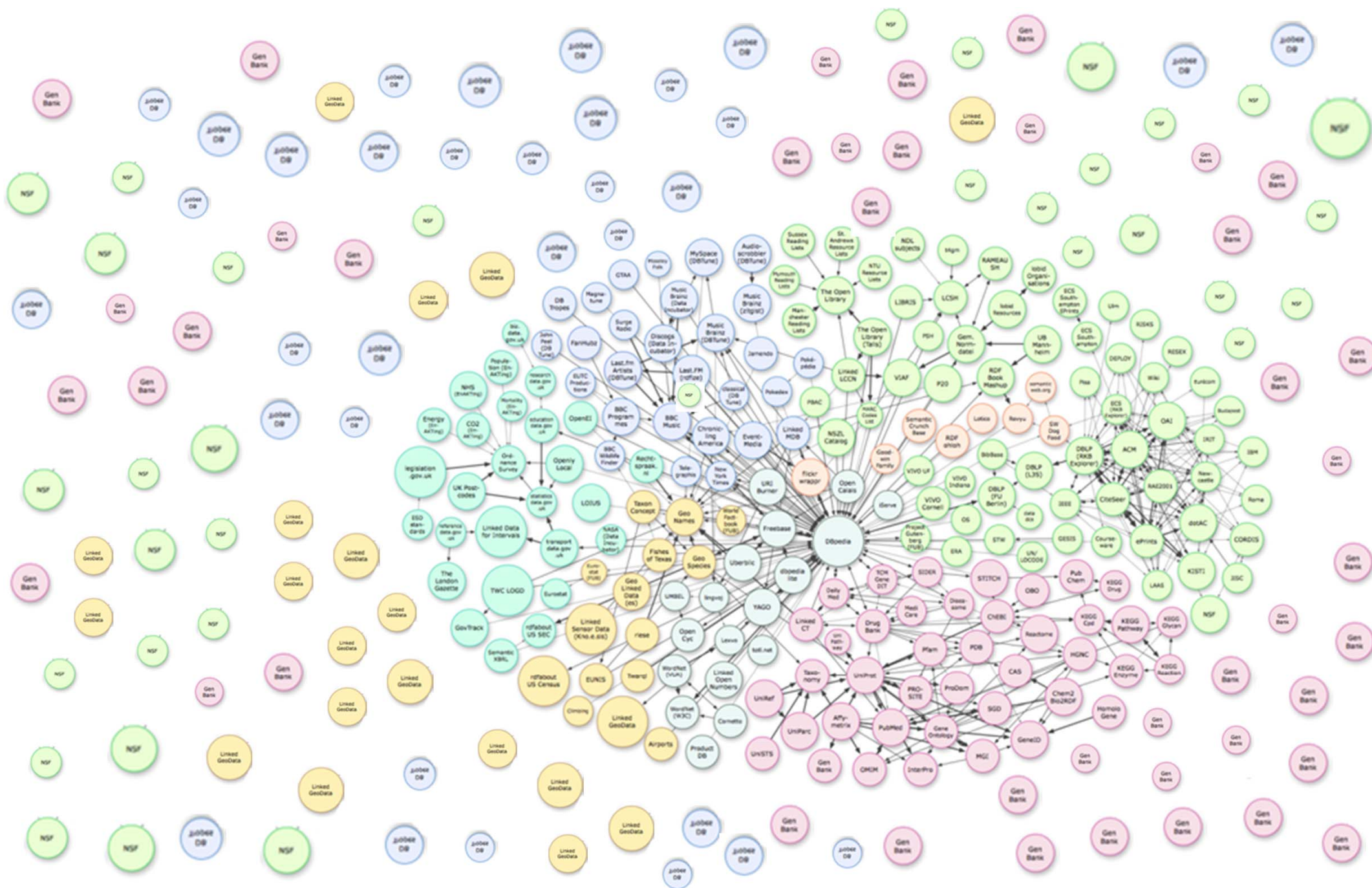
Linked Data vs. HTML-embedded Data

Compared to Microformats, Microdata, RDFa

- the LOD Cloud covers a wider range of topics
- the LOD Cloud contains more complex data structures
- Emphasis on setting RDF Links between sources

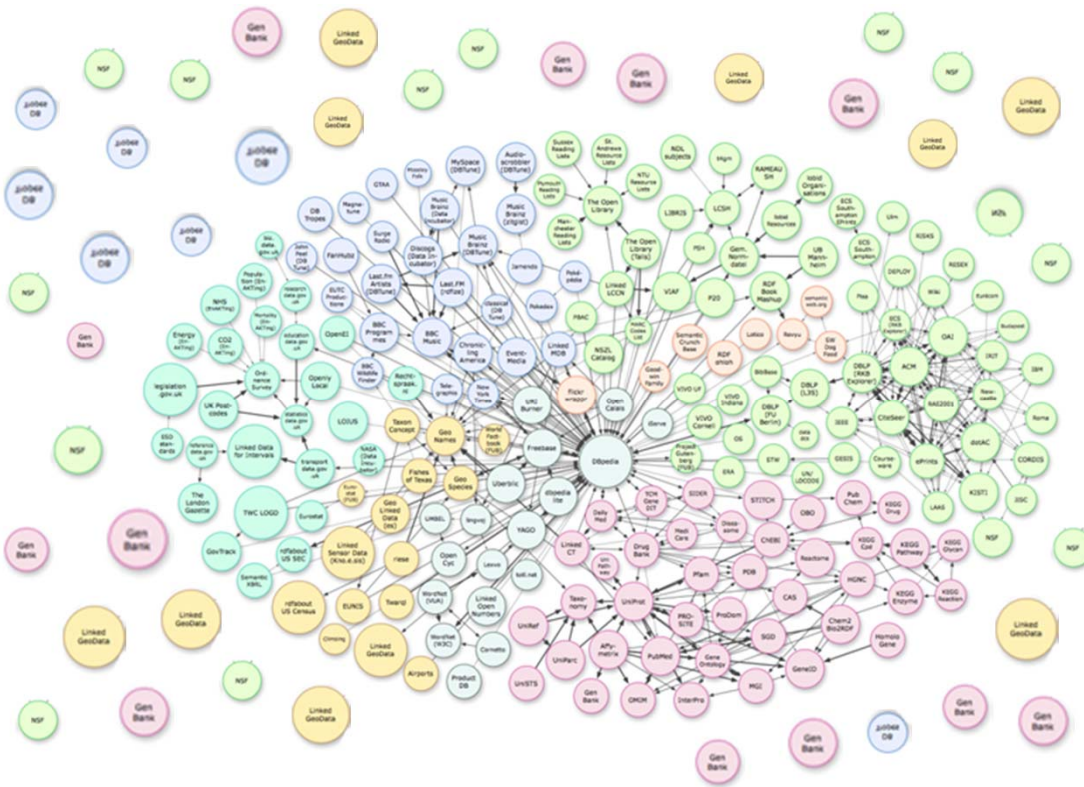


Overall Topology of the Web of Data

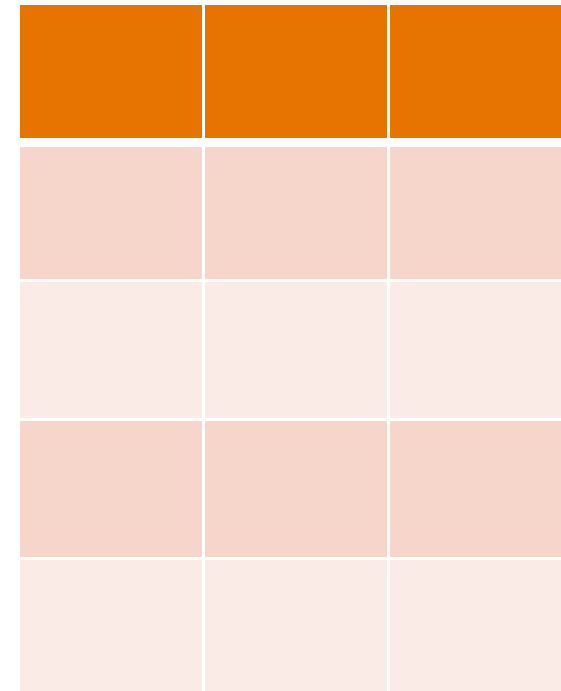


5. Challenges involved in using Web Data

Applications hate heterogeneity and uncertain data quality!



The wild wild west



My little world

Current Research Challenges

- 1. More research on data space profiling is needed.**
 - What is in the data space and how does the content change over time?
- 2. More research on data quality assessment and SPAM detection is needed.**
- 3. More research on learning mappings and identity resolution heuristics within the Web context.**
 - Identity links make it easier to learn vocabulary links.
 - Vocabulary links make it easier to learn identity links.
- 4. More research on pay-as-you-go data integration is needed.**
 - How do human, community and machine contributions play together over time?

Conclusion

■ The Web of Data is growing rapidly

- Active deployment communities exist in various domains
- Value-able resource of background knowledge for many applications

■ Web search is evolving into query answering

- Search engines increasingly rely on structured data from the Web

■ Next step: Linked Data within Enterprises

- alternative to data warehouses and EAI middleware
- advantages: schema-less data model, pay-as-you go data integration

■ You are looking for a topic for your PhD thesis?

- There are many exciting research challenges around consuming Web Data
- Examples: Web-scale data integration, data quality assessment

Thanks!

References

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<http://linkeddatabook.com/editions/1.0/>
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<http://db.uwaterloo.ca/cold2013/>
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<http://events.linkeddata.org/ldow2013/>